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Welcome

Congratulations on your purchase of a new Honda motorcycle. Your selection of a Honda makes you part of a worldwide family of satisfied customers who appreciate Honda's reputation for building quality into every product.

To ensure your safety and riding pleasure:

- Read this owner's manual carefully.
- Follow all recommendations and procedures contained in this manual.
- Pay close attention to safety messages contained in this manual and on the motorcycle.

To protect your investment, we urge you to take responsibility for keeping your motorcycle well serviced and maintained. Also, observe the break-in guidelines, and always perform the pre-ride inspection and other periodic checks in this manual.

When service is required, remember that your Honda dealer knows your motorcycle best. If you have the required mechanical "know-how" and tools, you can purchase an official Honda Service Manual to help you perform many maintenance and repair tasks.

₱ P. 166

Read the warranty information thoroughly so that you understand the warranty coverage and that you are aware of your rights and responsibilities. **2** P. 167

You may also want to visit our website at www.powersports.honda.com.

Canada www.honda.ca.
Happy riding!

A Few Words About Safety

Your safety, and the safety of others, is very important. Operating this motorcycle safely is an important responsibility.

To help you make informed decisions about safety, we have provided operating procedures and other information on safety labels and in this manual. This information alerts you to potential hazards that could hurt you or others.

Of course, it is not practical or possible to warn you about all hazards associated with operating or maintaining a motorcycle. You must use your own good judgment.

You will find important safety information in a variety of forms, including:

- Safety labels on the motorcycle
- Safety Messages preceded by a safety alert symbol and one of three signal words: DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION. These signal words mean:

ADANGER

You WILL be KILLED or SERIOUSLY HURT if you don't follow instructions.

AWARNING

You CAN be KILLED or SERIOUSLY HURT if you don't follow instructions.

ACAUTION

You CAN be HURT if you don't follow instructions.

Other important information is provided under the following titles:

NOTICE Information to help you avoid damage to your motorcycle, other property, or the environment.

Motorcycle Safety

This section contains important information for safe riding of your motorcycle. Please read this section carefully.

 P. 3
P. 8
P. 10
P. 11
P. 16
P. 17

Safety Guidelines

Follow these guidelines to enhance your safety:

- Perform all routine and regular inspections specified in this manual.
- Stop the engine and keep sparks and flame away before filling the fuel tank.
- Do not run the engine in enclosed or partly enclosed areas. Carbon monoxide in exhaust gases is toxic and can kill you.

Always Wear a Helmet

It's a proven fact: helmets and protective apparel significantly reduce the number and severity of head and other injuries. So always wear an approved motorcycle helmet and protective apparel. ▶ P. 10

Before Riding

Make sure that you are physically fit, mentally focused and free of alcohol and drugs. Check that you and your passenger are both wearing an approved motorcycle helmet and protective apparel. Instruct your passenger on holding onto the grab rails or your waist, leaning with you in turns, and keeping their feet on the footpegs, even when the motorcycle is stopped.

Take Time to Learn & Practice

Even if you have ridden other motorcycles, practice riding in a safe area to become familiar with how this motorcycle works and handles, and to become accustomed to the motorcycle's size and weight.

We recommend that all riders take a certified course approved by the Motorcycle Safety Foundation (MSF). New riders should start with the basic course, and even experienced riders will find the advanced course beneficial. For information about the MSF training course nearest you, call the national toll-free number: (800) 446-9227.

USA Other riding tips can be found in the You and Your Motorcycle Riding Tips booklet that came with your motorcycle.

Ride Defensively

Always pay attention to other vehicles around you, and do not assume that other drivers see you. Be prepared to stop quickly or perform an evasive maneuver.

Make Yourself Easy to See

Make yourself more visible, especially at night, by wearing bright reflective clothing, positioning yourself so other drivers can see you, signaling before turning or changing lanes, and using your horn when necessary.

Ride within Your Limits

Never ride beyond your personal abilities or faster than conditions warrant. Fatigue and inattention can impair your ability to use good judgment and ride safely.

Don't Drink and Ride

Alcohol and riding don't mix. Even one alcoholic drink can reduce your ability to respond to changing conditions, and your reaction time gets worse with every additional drink. Don't drink and ride, and don't let your friends drink and ride either.

Keep Your Honda in Safe Condition

It's important to keep your motorcycle properly maintained and in safe riding condition. Inspect your motorcycle before every ride and perform all recommended maintenance. Never exceed load limits (P. 17), and do not modify your motorcycle or install accessories that would make your motorcycle unsafe (P. 16).

If You are Involved in a Crash

Personal safety is your first priority. If you or anyone else has been injured, take time to assess the severity of the injuries and whether it is safe to continue riding. Call for emergency assistance if needed. Also follow applicable laws and regulations if another person or vehicle is involved in the crash.

If you decide to continue riding, first turn the ignition switch to the OFF position, and evaluate the condition of your motorcycle. Inspect for fluid leaks, check the tightness of critical nuts and bolts, and check the handlebar, control levers, brakes, and wheels. Ride slowly and cautiously.

Your motorcycle may have suffered damage that is not immediately apparent. Have your motorcycle thoroughly checked at a qualified service facility as soon as possible.

Emergency Shut-down Procedure for Motorcycles Equipped with Dual Clutch Transmission

NC750XD

Unlike standard motorcycles, or its manual transmission sibling, the NC750XD with dualclutch transmission does not have a clutch lever that would provide you with an additional means to control the engine power being transmitted to the rear wheel. Thus, in the unlikely event that you experience a stuck throttle or other unintended application of power to the rear wheel, you should shut down the engine by use of the engine stop switch (≥ P. 53). By moving this switch to the 🂢 (Stop) position, you will immediately stop the engine but maintain all electrical system functions, including lights and indicators.

Carbon Monoxide Hazard

Exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide, a colorless, odorless gas. Breathing carbon monoxide can cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.

If you run the engine in confined or even partly enclosed area, the air you breathe could contain a dangerous amount of carbon monoxide.

Never run your motorcycle inside a garage or other enclosure.

AWARNING

Running the engine of your motorcycle while in an enclosed or even partially enclosed area can cause a rapid build-up of toxic carbon monoxide gas.

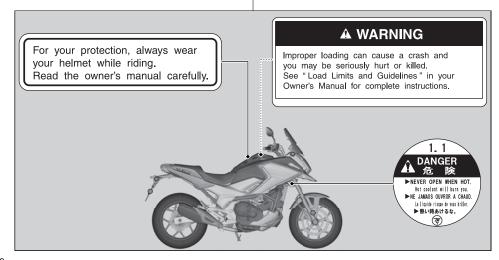
Breathing this colorless, odorless gas can quickly cause unconsciousness and lead to death.

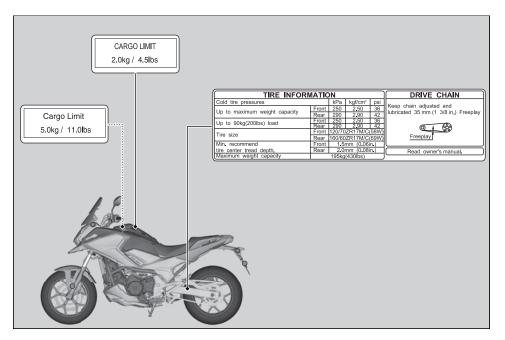
Only run your motorcycle's engine when it is located in a well ventilated area outdoors.

Safety Labels

Safety and information labels on your motorcycle provide important safety information and may warn you of potential

hazards that could cause serious injury. Read these labels carefully and don't remove them. If a label comes off or becomes hard to read, contact your dealer for a replacement.





Safety Precautions

- Ride cautiously and keep your hands on the handlebar and feet on the footpegs.
- Keep passenger's hands onto the grab rails or your waist, passenger's feet on the footpegs while riding.
- Always consider the safety of your passenger, as well as other drivers and riders.

Protective Apparel

Make sure that you and any passenger are wearing an approved motorcycle helmet, eye protection, and high-visibility protective clothing. Ride defensively in response to weather and road conditions.

Helmet

Should be safety-standard certified, highvisibility, and correct size for your head

• Must fit comfortably but securely, with the chin strap fastened.

• Face shield with unobstructed field of vision or other approved eye protection

USA Look for a DOT (Department of Transportation) certification label on any helmet you buy.

AWARNING

Not wearing a helmet increases the chance of serious injury or death in a crash.

Make sure that you and any passenger always wear an approved helmet and protective apparel.

Gloves

Full-finger leather gloves with high abrasion resistance

Boots or Riding Shoes

Sturdy boots with non-slip soles and ankle protection

■ Jacket and Pants

Protective, highly visible, long-sleeved jacket and durable long pants for riding (or a protective suit)

Riding Precautions

Break-in Period

During the first 300 miles (500 km) of running, follow these guidelines to ensure your motorcycle's future reliability and performance.

- Avoid full-throttle starts and rapid acceleration.
- Avoid hard braking and rapid down-shifts.
- Ride conservatively.

Brakes

Observe the following guidelines:

- Avoid excessively hard braking and downshifting.
 - Sudden braking can reduce the motorcycle's stability.
 - ▶ Where possible, reduce speed before turning; otherwise you risk sliding out.

Riding Precautions

- Exercise caution on low traction surfaces.
 - The tires slip more easily on such surfaces and braking distances are longer.
- Avoid continuous braking.
 - Repeated braking, such as when descending long, steep slopes can seriously overheat the brakes, reducing their effectiveness. Use engine braking with intermittent use of the brakes to reduce speed.
- For full braking effectiveness, operate both the front and rear brakes together.

Anti-lock Brake System (ABS)

NC750XA/XD

This model is equipped with an Anti-lock Brake System (ABS) designed to help prevent the brakes from locking up during hard braking.

- ABS does not reduce braking distance. In certain circumstances, ABS may result in a longer stopping distance.
- ABS does not function at speeds below 6 mph (10 km/h).
- The brake lever and pedal may recoil slightly when applying the brakes. This is normal.
- Always use the recommended front/rear tires and sprockets to ensure correct ABS operation.

I Engine Braking

Engine braking helps slow your motorcycle down when you release the throttle. For further slowing action, downshift to a lower gear. Use engine braking with intermittent use of the brakes to reduce speed when descending long, steep slopes.

Wet or Rainy Conditions

Road surfaces are slippery when wet, and wet brakes further reduce braking efficiency. Exercise extra caution when braking in wet conditions.

If the brakes get wet, apply the brakes while riding at low speed to help them dry.

Parking

- Park on a firm, level surface.
- If you must park on a slight incline or loose surface, park so that the motorcycle cannot move or fall over.
- Make sure that high-temperature parts cannot come into contact with flammable materials
- Do not touch the engine, muffler, brakes and other high-temperature parts until they cool down.
- To reduce the likelihood of theft, always lock the handlebar and remove the key when leaving the motorcycle unattended.
 Use of an anti-theft device is also recommended.

Parking with the Side Stand

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Push the side stand down.

Riding Precautions

- **3.** Slowly lean the motorcycle to the left until its weight rests on the side stand.
- **4.** Turn the handlebar fully to the left.
 - ➤ Turning the handlebar to the right reduces stability and may cause the motorcycle to fall.
- Turn the ignition switch to the LOCK position and remove the key. ■ P. 54

Refueling and Fuel Guidelines

Follow these guidelines to protect the engine, fuel system and catalytic converter:

- Use only unleaded gasoline.
- Use recommended octane number. Using lower octane gasoline will result in decreased engine performance.
- Do not use stale or contaminated gasoline or an oil/gasoline mixture.
- Avoid getting dirt or water in the fuel tank.

Honda selectable torque control

NC750XA/XD

When the Honda selectable torque control (Torque Control) detects rear wheel spin during acceleration, the system will limit the amount of torque applied to the rear wheel based on the Torque Control level selected.

Torque Control will allow some wheel spin during acceleration at the lower Torque Control levels settings. Select a level that is appropriate for your skill and riding conditions.

Torque Control does not work during deceleration and will not prevent the rear wheel from skidding due to engine braking. Do not close the throttle suddenly, especially when riding on slippery surfaces.

Torque Control may not compensate for rough road conditions or rapid throttle operation. Always consider road and weather conditions, as well as your skills and condition, when applying throttle.

If your motorcycle gets stuck in mud, snow or sand, it may be easier to free it by turning off the Torque Control temporarily.

Temporarily turning off Torque Control also may help you maintain control and balance when riding on off-road terrain.

Always use the recommended tires and sprockets to ensure correct Torque Control operation.

Accessories & Modifications

We strongly advise that you do not add any accessories that were not specifically designed or approved for your motorcycle by Honda or make modifications to your motorcycle from its original design. Doing so can make it unsafe. Modifying your motorcycle may also void your warranty and make your motorcycle illegal to operate on public roads and highways. Before deciding to install accessories on your motorcycle be certain the modification is safe and legal.

AWARNING

Improper accessories or modifications can cause a crash in which you can be seriously hurt or killed.

Follow all instructions in this owner's manual regarding accessories and modifications.

Do not pull a trailer with, or attach a sidecar to, your motorcycle. Your motorcycle was not designed for these attachments, and their use can seriously impair your motorcycle's handling.

Loading

- Carrying extra weight affects your motorcycle's handling, braking and stability.
 Always ride at a safe speed for the load you are carrying.
- Avoid carrying an excessive load and keep within specified load limits.

Maximum weight capacity / Maximum weight in luggage box / on luggage box lid № P. 172

- Tie all luggage securely, evenly balanced and close to the center of the motorcycle.
- Do not place objects near the lights or the muffler.

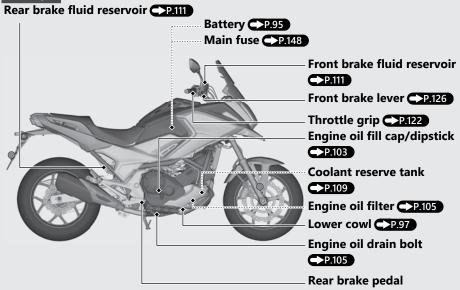
AWARNING

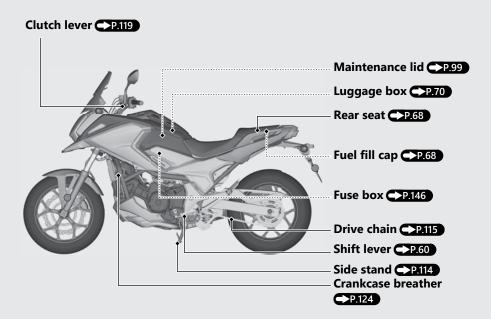
Overloading or improper loading can cause a crash and you can be seriously hurt or killed.

Follow all load limits and other loading guidelines in this manual.

Parts Location

NC750X/XA

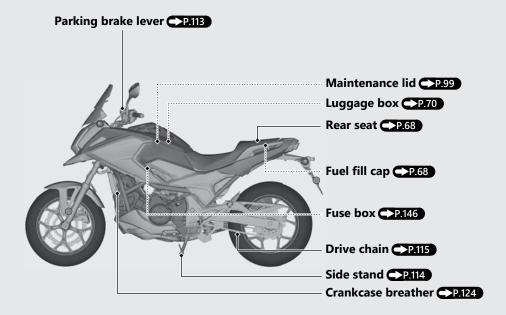




Parts Location (Continued)

NC750XD

Rear brake fluid reservoir P.111 Battery P.95 Main fuse P.148 Front brake fluid reservoir CPHIL Front brake lever P.126 Throttle grip P.122 Engine oil fill cap/dipstick →P.103 Coolant reserve tank P.109 Engine oil filter P.105 Lower cowl P.98 Clutch oil filter P.107 **Engine oil drain bolt** Rear brake pedal →P.105



Instruments



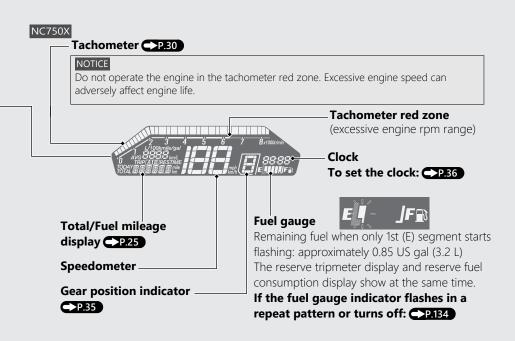
Display Check

All the modes and digital segments will show when the ignition switch is turned to the ON position. If any part of these displays does not come on when it should, have your dealer check for problems.

NC750X

If the opening/ending display is being set to SP, letters which have been set are displayed in the total area. To check the display in the total area, set the opening/ending display to STD.





Instruments (Continued)

NC750XA/XD

Tachometer P.30

NOTICE

Do not operate the engine in the tachometer red zone. Excessive engine speed can adversely affect engine life.

Tachometer red zone (excessive engine rpm range)

S indicator NC750XD

Comes on when the S mode is selected in the AT MODE. P.65

-Torque Control level →P.56

– Clock

To set the clock: →P.36

Total/Fuel mileage display →P.25

Speedometer _

Fuel gauge

Remaining fuel when only 1st (E) segment starts flashing: approximately 0.85 US gal (3.2 L)

The reserve tripmeter display and reserve fuel consumption display show at the same time.

If the fuel gauge indicator flashes in a repeat pattern or turns off: P.134

D indicator -

Comes on when the D mode is selected in the AT MODE.

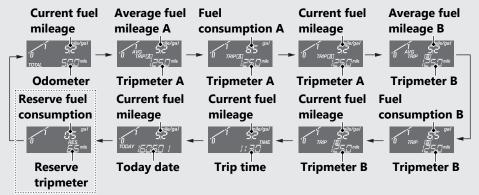
P.65

Gear position indicator →P.35

Total/Fuel mileage display

The total/fuel mileage display shows the odometer, tripmeter, fuel mileage, and other information

Press the SEL button to change the display.



Only in reserve fuel mode*

^{*} Reserve fuel mode: When the 1st (E) segment of the fuel gauge flashes, the reserve tripmeter display and reserve fuel consumption display can be selected.

Instruments (Continued)

Odometer

Total distance ridden.

When "----" is displayed, go to your dealer for service.

Tripmeter A/B

Distance ridden since the tripmeter was reset.

When "-----" is displayed, go to your dealer for service.

► To reset the tripmeter: ► P.29

Current fuel mileage

The current fuel mileage shows the current fuel mileage you are getting.

When your speed is less than 3 mph (5 km/h): "---.-" is displayed.

When "----" is displayed except for the above-mentioned cases, go to your dealer for service.

Average fuel mileage A/B

Shows each average fuel mileage in conjunction with each tripmeter.

When each tripmeter is reset, each average fuel mileage will also reset.

► To reset the tripmeter: ►P.29

When each tripmeter is reset: "----" is displayed.

When "----" is displayed except for the above-mentioned cases, go to your dealer for service.

Fuel consumption A/B

Shows each fuel consumption in conjunction with each tripmeter.

When each tripmeter is reset, each average fuel consumption will also reset.

► To reset the tripmeter: ► P.29

Above 300 gal (L): "300.0" is displayed.

When "----" is displayed, go to your dealer for service.

Trip time

Shows the operating time since the engine was started.

The trip time return to 0:00 when the readout exceeds 23:59 (hours:minutes).

Today date

To set the today date: P.36

Instruments (Continued)

Reserve tripmeter (only when reserve fuel mode)



Distance ridden since the 1st (E) segment of the fuel gauge and "RES" start flashing.

The "RES" will flash faster when the fuel decreases further.

When the fuel gauge is near the 1st (E) segment or flashes, fill fuel promptly.

When "-----" is displayed, go to your dealer for service.

Reserve fuel consumption (only when reserve fuel mode)

Fuel consumption since the 1st (E) segment of the fuel gauge and "RES" start flashing.

The "RES" will flash faster when the fuel decreases further.

When the fuel gauge is near the 1st (E) segment or flashes, fill fuel promptly.

When "----" is displayed, go to your dealer for service.

To reset the tripmeter

To reset the tripmeter, press and hold the SET button while the tripmeter that you want to reset is being displayed.

Also, after refueling more than the reserve amount, tripmeter A, average fuel mileage A, and fuel consumption A will automatically reset when your motorcycle travels 0.06 mile (0.1 km). You can activate or deactivate the automatic reset mode by refueling. P.36

Backlight brightness setting

The brightness of the display can be set to H (high) or L (low).

When the SET button is pressed, the following display appears and the brightness is set.

The brightness of the display can be adjusted to H (high)/L (low) for each. P.36



Instruments (Continued)

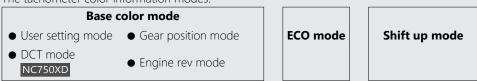
Tachometer color information

Depending on the selected mode, the information of the riding conditions shows by changing the tachometer segment color.



Tachometer segments

The tachometer color information modes:



When the user setting mode or DCT mode (NC750XD) in the base color mode is set, the ECO mode and/or shift up mode can be used at the same time.



Base color mode

The display switches as follows by pressing and holding the SEL button:



When the mode you want to set is appears, release the SEL button.

User setting mode

You can change the tachometer segment color from the following color.

Default setting is "BLUE".

Color								
WHITE	RED	AMBER	YELLOW	GREEN	AQUA	BLUE	VIOLET	PINK

To set the color: P.36

Instruments (Continued)

DCT mode

NC750XD

Depending on the dual clutch transmission mode, the tachometer segment color changes as follows.

DCT mode	N	D	S1	S2	S3	MT
Color	WHITE	BLUE	PINK	VIOLET	RED	YELLOW

Gear position mode

Depending on the gear position, the tachometer segment color changes as follows.

Gear position	N	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th
Color	WHITE	YELLOW	AMBER	PINK	VIOLET	BLUE	AQUA

Engine rev mode

Depending on the engine revs, the tachometer segment color changes as follows.

F .								More
Engine rev (rpm)	~1,600	~2,200	~2,800	~3,600	~4,400	~5,200	~6,000	than
(i piri)								6,000
Color	WHITE	YELLOW	GREEN	AQUA	BLUE	VIOLET	AMBER	PINK

ECO mode

Depending on the fuel consumption, the tachometer segment color will change. If the fuel consumption is improved, the color of the tachometer will change to AQUA. Further, when the fuel consumption is improved, it will turn GREEN.

- ▶ The ECO mode color is not displayed at speeds below approximately 12 mph (20 km/h).
- ▶ When the gear position mode or engine rev mode in the base color mode is selected, the ECO mode color is not displayed even if the ECO mode is set to on.

To set the ECO mode: →P.36 Shift up mode

When the number of engine revolution reaches shift-up point you have set, the color of the tachometer shows in AMBER this informs you of the indication to shift up. Default setting is "5,000 rpm".

▶ When the gear position mode or engine rev mode in the base color mode is selected, the shiftup mode color is not displayed even if the shift up mode is set to on.

To set the shift up mode: →P.36

To set the shift up point: →P.36

Instruments (Continued)

Opening/Ending display

NC750X

You can select the meter display when turning the ignition switch on or off from the STD mode and SP mode.

If you select the SP mode, the letters you want to show can also be displayed while the opening/ending display is shown.

To set the opening/ending display: →P.36

To set the opening/ending message: P.36

NC750XA/XD

When the ignition switch is turned On or Off, the letters you want to show can also be displayed while the opening/ending display is shown.

To set the opening/ending message: →P.36

Gear position indicator

NC750X/XA

The gear position is shown in the gear position indicator.

- "-" flashes when the ignition switch is turned to the ON position with the engine stop switch 🔯 (Stop) position.
- ▶ "-" appears when the transmission is not shifted properly.

NC750XD

The gear position is shown in the gear position indicator when the D, S mode or MT MODE are selected.

- ▶ "-" appears for a few seconds and then goes off when the engine starts.
- ▶ "-" flashes when the engine stop switch position is changed from (Run) to (Stop) position with the ignition switch in the ON position.
- "-" flashes when the ignition switch is turned to the ON position with the engine stop switch 🔯 (Stop) position.

The indicator may flash if:

- ► The front wheel leaves the ground.
- ▶ You turn the wheel while the motorcycle is upright on the stand.

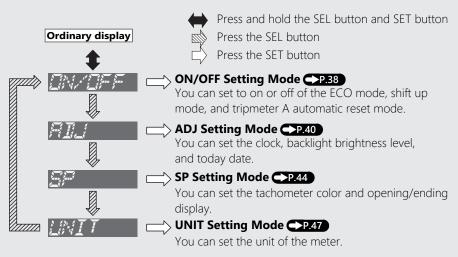
This is normal. To operate the system again, turn the ignition switch to the OFF position, then to the ON position again.

If the "-" indicator is blinking in the gear position window while riding: P.133

Instruments (Continued)

Setting Mode

Select the items you want to set from the following setting modes.



Selecting the setting mode:

- 1 Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.
- Press and hold the SEL button and SET button until the ON/OFF setting display changes.
- 3 Press the SEL button until the desired setting mode is displayed. When the SEL button is pressed, the setting mode will be changed.
- 4 When the SET button is pressed, each setting mode will be changed.

To return to the ordinary display from the setting mode:

- The SEL button and/or SET button is not pressed for about 30 seconds.
- Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position, and then to the ON position.
- Press and hold SEL button and SET button.

While operating settings, each setting will be cancelled if the SET button is not pressed.

Instruments (Continued)

ON/OFF Setting Mode 1 ECO mode setting:

You can set on or off of the ECO mode.

- 1 Select the ON/OFF setting mode. P.36
- 2 Press the SEL button to select " [], " or " [] FF ".



- 3 Press the SET button. The ECO mode is set, and the display moves to the shift up mode setting.
 - When the tachometer segment color is set to GREEN or AQUA and the ECO mode is set to on, the user setting color will automatically change to WHITE.

2 Shift up mode setting:

You can set on or off of the shift up mode.

1 Press the SEL button to select " \vec{D}_{7} " or " \vec{D}_{7} ".

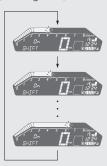


- 2 Press the SET button. The shift up mode is set.
 - When the tachometer segment color is set to AMBER and the shift up mode is set to on, the user setting color will automatically change to WHITE.
 - When the shift up mode is set to on, the display moves to the shift up point adjustment.
 - ➤ When the shift up mode is set to off, the display moves to the activating/ deactivating of tripmeter A, average fuel mileage and fuel consumption automatic reset mode.

3 Shift up point adjustment:

You can adjust the shift up point. The range of the adjustment: 4,200 to 6,400 rpm

1 Each time the SEL button is pressed, the set value of the shift up point is increased by 200 rpm (one segment).



Press the SET button. The shift up point is set, and the display moves to the activating/ deactivating of tripmeter A, average fuel mileage, and fuel consumption automatic reset mode.

Instruments (Continued)

4 Activating/deactivating of tripmeter A, average fuel mileage and fuel consumption automatic reset mode:

You can also activate or deactivate the automatic reset mode by refueling after 1st (E) segment of the fuel gauge start flashing. Deactivation is initially set.

1 Press the SEL button to select " [] " (activate) or " [] FF " (deactivate) in the automatic reset mode.



Press SET button. The activation/ deactivation of automatic reset mode is set, and the display returns to the ordinary display.

ADJ Setting Mode 1 Clock (12/24-hour) setting:

- 1 Select the ADJ setting mode. →P.36
- 2 Press the SEL button to select "12HOUR" or "24HOUR".



3 Press the SET button. The clock 12/24 - hour is set, and the display moves to the changing of the clock setting.

2 Clock setting:

- 1 Press the SEL button until the desired hour is displayed.
 - When the 12-HOUR display is set, the AM/PM is displayed. The display changes from 11 to 12, it will switch at the same time
 - Press and hold the SEL button to advance the hour fast.



2 Press the SET button. The minute digits start flashing.



- 3 Press the SEL button until the desired minute is displayed.
 - Press and hold the SEL button to advance the minute fast.



Press the SET button. The clock is set, and the display moves to the backlight brightness H (high) adjustment.

Instruments (Continued)

3 Backlight brightness H (high) adjustment:

You can adjust the brightness to one of five levels.

1 Press the SEL button. The brightness is switched.



Press the SET button. The brightness H (high) is set, and the display moves to the backlight brightness L (low) adjustment.

4 Backlight brightness L (low) adjustment:

You can adjust the brightness to one of five levels.

The backlight brightness L (low) can be adjusted in the same manner as H (high).

► L (low) can not adjust brighter than H (high). Press the SET button. The brightness adjustment L (low) is set, and the display moves to the today date setting.

5 Today date setting:

- 1 Press the SEL button until the desired year is displayed.
 - Press and hold the SEL button to advance the year fast.



2 Press the SET button. The month digits start flashing.



- 3 Press the SEL button until the desired month is displayed.
 - Press and hold the SEL button to advance the month fast.



4 Press the SET button. The day digits start flashing.



- 5 Press the SEL button until the desired day is displayed.
 - Press and hold the SEL button to advance the day fast.

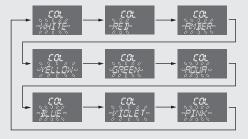


6 Press the SET button. The date is set, and the display returns to the ordinary display.

Instruments (Continued)

SP Setting Mode

- 1 Selecting the user setting mode color:
- 1 Select the SP setting mode. →P.36
- 2 Press the SEL button. The color is switched.
 - ▶ When the ECO mode is set to on, AQUA and GREEN can not be selected.
 - ► When the shift up mode is set to on, AMBER can not be selected.



3 NC750X

Press the SET button. The user setting mode color is set, and the display moves to the opening/ending display setting.

NC750XA/XD

Press the SET button. The user setting mode color is set, and the display moves to the inputting the opening message.

2 Opening/ending display setting:

NC750X

You can set the STD or SP opening/ending display.

Press the SEL button to select "STD" or "SP".



- 2 Press the SET button. The opening/ending display is set.
 - ► When STD is set, the display returns to ordinary display.
 - ► When SP is set, the display moves to the inputting the opening message.

3 Inputting the opening message:

Opening message can input 6 letters for each 3 lines.

- 1 Press the SEL button until the desired letter is displayed.

 - ► Press and hold the SEL button to advance the letter fast
 - The line number which is inputting the letters is displayed in the mileage area.

Line number



2) Press the SET button. The letter is set, and the next letter will start flashing.
Follow the procedure step 1 and 2 until the end of line 3 letter is set.
Then the display moves to the inputting the ending message.

Instruments (Continued)

4 Inputting the ending message:

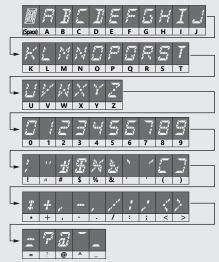
Ending message can input 6 letters for each 3 lines.

Ending message can be input in the same manner as opening message.

After the ending message has been set, and the display returns to the ordinary display.

Selecting letters at the opening/ending display:

When the SEL button is pressed, the letters are displayed in the following order.



UNIT Setting Mode

- 1 Changing the speed and mileage unit:
- Select the UNIT setting mode. →P.36
- 2 Press the SEL button to select either "mph" and "mile" or "km/h" and "km".
- When selecting the "mph" and "mile"

 Press the SET button. The speed and mileage unit is set, and the display returns to the ordinary display.

When selecting the "km/h" and "km"

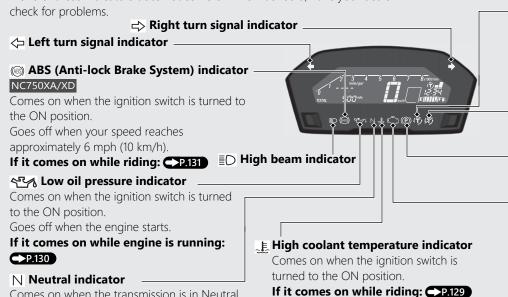
Press the SET button. The speed and mileage unit is set, and then the display moves to the changing the fuel mileage meter unit.

2 Changing the fuel mileage meter unit:

- 1 Press the SEL button to select either "L/100 km" or "km/L".
- 2 Press the SET button. The fuel mileage meter unit is set, and the display returns to the ordinary display.

Indicators

If one of these indicators does not come on when it should, have your dealer



ர் Torque Control indicator NC750XA/XD

- Comes on when the ignition switch is turned to the ON position. Goes off when your speed reaches approximately 6 mph (10 km/h) to indicate Torque Control is ready to work.
- Blinks when Torque Control is operating.

If it comes on while riding: P.132

☞ Torque Control OFF indicator NC750XA/XD

Comes on when the Torque Control is turned off.

(P) Parking brake indicator NC750XD

Lights as a reminder that you have not released the parking brake lever.

PGM-FI (Programmed Fuel Injection) malfunction indicator lamp (MIL)

Comes on briefly when the ignition switch is turned to the ON position with the engine stop switch in the \bigcirc (Run) position.

Comes on when the ignition switch is turned on with the engine stop switch in the \mathbf{X} (Stop) position.

If it comes on while engine is running: P.130

Switches

NC750X/XA

→ Torque Control switch _

NC750XA

Torque Control level setting and Torque Control on/off.

→P.56

Headlight dimmer switch -

• **■O** : High beam • **■O** : Low beam

☐ Turn signal switch ☐ Turn signal sw

Pressing the switch turns the turn signal off.

Horn button

Switchable when the ignition switch is in the ON position. Can be turned to off regardless of the ignition switch position.

▶ The signals continue flashing with the ignition switch is in the OFF or LOCK position after the hazard switch is on.

Ignition Switch

Switches the electrical system on/off, locks the steering.

► Key can be removed when in the OFF or LOCK position.

Steering Lock: P.54

Engine stop switch

Should normally remain in the \bigcap (Run) position.

▶ In an emergency, switch to the ☆ (Stop) position (the starter motor will not operate) to stop the engine.

Start button

Turns electrical system on for starting/riding.

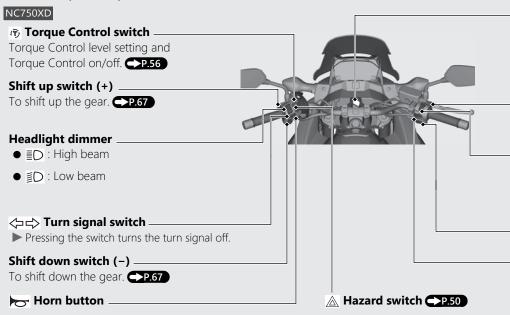
OFF

Turns engine off.

LOCK

Locks steering.

Switches (Continued)



Ignition Switch

Switches the electrical system on/off, locks the steering.

Key can be removed when in the OFF or LOCK position.

Steering Lock: P.54

AT/MT switch

To shift between the AT MODE and MT MODE.



Engine stop switch

Should normally remain in the \bigcirc (Run) position.

▶ In an emergency, switch to the 🎇 (Stop) position (the starter motor will not operate) to stop the engine.

Start button

N-D switch

To shift between Neutral and AT MODE. -P.65

Turns electrical system on for starting/riding.

OFF

Turns engine off.

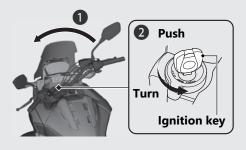
LOCK

Locks steering.

Switches (Continued) **Steering Lock**

Lock the steering when parking to help prevent theft.

A U-shaped wheel lock or similar device is also recommended.



Locking

- 1 Turn the handlebar all the way to the left.
- 2 Push the key down, and turn the ignition switch to the LOCK position.
 - ▶ Jiggle the handlebar if the lock is difficult to engage.
- **3** Remove the key.

Unlocking

Insert the key, push it in, and turn the ignition switch to the OFF position.

Parking Brake

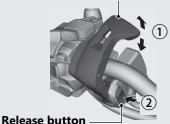
Parking brake lever and Release button

NC750XD

Be sure the parking brake is applied while parking and warming up the engine.

► Make sure the parking brake lever is released before riding.

Parking brake lever



Locking

Pull the parking brake lever (1) back to lock the rear wheel.

- ▶ Be sure the release button pops out and parking brake lever is not released.
- ► The parking brake lock will not function if the parking brake is not adjusted properly.

C>P.113

Unlocking

Release the parking brake lever by lightly pulling in the lever (1) and pressing the release button (2).

▶ Before riding, check that the parking brake indicator is turned off and make sure that the parking brake is fully released so there is no drag on the rear wheel.

Honda selectable torque control

NC750XA/XD

Torque Control level (engine power control) can be selected or turned on/off.

- ▶ Do not operate the Torque Control switch while riding.
 - Stop the motorcycle first and the turn off or on and select the desired level.
- The Torque Control setting cannot be changed or turned off when the system is activated (Torque Control indicator flashing).
- Each time the ignition switch is turned to the ON position, the Torque Control level will automatically be set to level 2.
- ➤ When the Torque Control is turned from the off position to the on position, it will automatically be set to level 2.

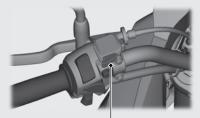
Torque Control level setting

The level can be selected by pressing the Torque Control switch.

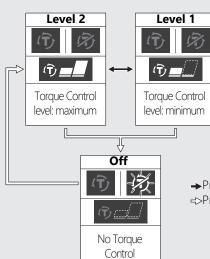
- Level 2 is the maximum Torque Control level
- ► Level 1 is the minimum Torque Control level

Torque Control on and off

Torque Control can be turned on and off by press and hold the Torque Control switch.



Torque Control switch



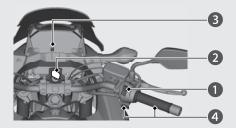
→ Press the Torque Control switch

⇔ Press and hold the Torque Control switch

Starting the Engine

NC750X/XA

Start your engine using the following procedure, regardless of whether the engine is cold or warm.



NOTICE

- If the engine does not start within 5 seconds, turn the ignition switch to the OFF position and wait 10 seconds before trying to start the engine again to recover battery voltage.
- Extended fast idling and revving the engine can damage the engine, and the exhaust system.
- Snapping the throttle or fast idling for more than about 5 minutes may cause exhaust pipe discoloration.

- 2 Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.
- 3 Shift the transmission to Neutral (N indicator comes on). Alternatively, pull in the clutch lever to start your motorcycle with the transmission in gear so long as the side stand is raised.
- 4 Press the start button with the throttle completely closed.

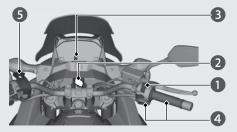
If the engine does not start:

- ① Open the throttle fully and press the start button for 5 seconds.
- 2 Repeat the normal starting procedure.
- (3) If the engine starts, open the throttle slightly if idling is unstable.
- (4) If the engine does not start, wait 10 seconds before trying steps (1) & (2) again.

If Engine Will Not Start P.128

NC750XD

Start your engine using the following procedure, regardless of whether the engine is cold or warm.



NOTICE

- If the engine does not start within 5 seconds, turn the ignition switch to the OFF position and wait 10 seconds before trying to start the engine again to recover battery voltage.
- Extended fast idling and revving the engine can damage the engine, and the exhaust system.
- Snapping the throttle or fast idling for more than about 5 minutes may cause exhaust pipe discoloration.

- 2 Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.
- 3 Check the transmission in Neutral (Nindicator to come on).
- 4 Press the start button with the throttle completely closed.
- Make sure the parking brake lever is released before riding. →P.55

If Engine Does Not Start P.58

If Engine Will Not Start P.128

When you stop the engine

- 1) To stop the engine, shift the transmission to Neutral (N indicator to come on).
 - If you turn the ignition switch to the OFF position when the motorcycle in gear, the engine will shut off with the clutch disengaged.
- 2 Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position.
- ③ Set the parking brake when you park the motorcycle. →P.55

Shifting Gears

NC750X/XA

Your motorcycle transmission has 6 forward gears in a one-down, five-up shift pattern.



If you put the motorcycle in gear with the side stand down, the engine will shut off.

Recommended Shift Points

Shifting Up

From 1st to 2nd	12 mph (20 km/h)
From 2nd to 3rd	19 mph (30 km/h)
From 3rd to 4th	25 mph (40 km/h)
From 4th to 5th	31 mph (50 km/h)
From 5th to 6th	37 mph (60 km/h)

Shifting Down

From 6th to 5th	28 mph (45 km/h)
From 5th to 4th	22 mph (35 km/h)
From 4th to 3rd	16 mph (25 km/h)

NOTICE

Improper shifting can damage the engine, transmission, and drive train. Also, coasting or towing the motorcycle for long distances with the engine off can damage the transmission.

NC750XD

Your motorcycle is equipped with an automatically controlled 6-speed transmission. It can be shifted automatically (by AT MODE) or manually (by MT MODE).

Recommended Shift Points

Shifting Up

From 1st to 2nd	12 mph (20 km/h)
From 2nd to 3rd	19 mph (30 km/h)
From 3rd to 4th	25 mph (40 km/h)
From 4th to 5th	31 mph (50 km/h)
From 5th to 6th	37 mph (60 km/h)

Shifting Down

From 6th to 5th	36 mph (58 km/h)
From 5th to 4th	28 mph (45 km/h)
From 4th to 3rd	21 mph (33 km/h)
From 3rd to 2nd	15 mph (24 km/h)
From 2nd to 1st	11 mph (18 km/h)

NOTICE

Improper shifting can damage the engine, transmission, and drive train. Also, coasting or towing the motorcycle for long distances with the engine off can damage the transmission.

Shifting Gears (Continued)

Dual Clutch Transmission

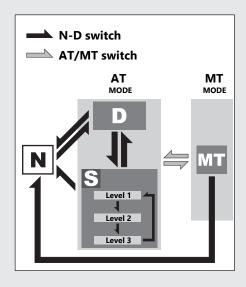
NC750XD

In order to respond to rider demands in a broad range of situations, the transmission is equipped with three operating modes, AT MODE (including D mode for regular operation and three levels of S mode for sporty riding); and MT MODE (MT mode for a 6-speed manual operation), which delivers the same shift feel as a manual transmission.

Always use the recommended tires and sprockets to ensure correct Dual Clutch Transmission operation.

The Dual Clutch Transmission system runs a self check immediately after starting the engine.

"—" appears in the gear position indicator window for a few seconds, then goes out. While "—" appears, you cannot shift into gear.



Neutral (N): Neutral is selected automatically when you turn the ignition switch to the ON position.

If neutral is not selected when you turn the ignition switch to the ON position.

- Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position and then to the ON position again.
- ▶ If neutral is still not selected after turning the ignition switch to the OFF position, and then to the ON position again.
 ▶P.133
 You may hear (click) noises when the transmission shifts to Neutral (N). This is normal

When you can change between N and D

- ► Motorcycle is stopped and the engine is idling.
- ➤ Throttle is completely closed. It is not possible to change from Neutral to D mode while the throttle is applied.
- ➤ You cannot change between N and D mode while the wheels are rotating.
- ► Side stand is raised.

NOTICE

To prevent clutch damage, do not use the throttle to keep the motorcycle stopped uphill.

Shifting Gears (Continued)

AT MODE: In this mode the gears are shifted automatically according to your riding conditions.

And also using the shift up switch (+) or shift down switch (-), you can temporarily shift up or down in AT MODE by using the shift switch. These switches are convenient when you want to temporarily down-shift in front of a curve, etc. P.67

You can choose between two modes within AT MODE: D mode and S mode.

D mode (AT): This is the standard mode when AT MODE is selected. Select D mode for regular operation and efficient fuel economy.

S mode (AT): Select this mode while riding in AT MODE when you need more power, such as when overtaking, climbing hills, pulling away.

S mode has three levels of adjustment. **MT MODE:** MT MODE (6-speed manual operation) You can choose between 6 gears in this mode.

Changing between Neutral and AT MODE/MT MODE

Changing from Neutral (N) to AT MODE

Press the **D-S** side of the N-D switch (1). The D mode indicator comes on, "1" is shown in the gear position indicator and first gear is selected.

Changing from AT or MT MODE to Neutral

Press N on the N-D switch (2).

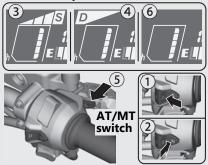
Changing between D mode and S mode while in AT MODE

Press the $\boxed{\textbf{D-S}}$ side of the N-D switch. The S or D mode indicator comes on (3), (4)).

Changing between AT MODE and MT MODE

Press the AT/MT switch (5).
The S or D indicator goes out while MT MODE is selected (6).

Gear position indicator

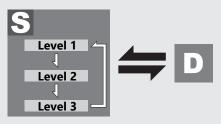


Shifting Gears (Continued)

S mode level selecting while in AT MODE

While in S mode, press and hold the **D-S** side of the N-D (1) switch.

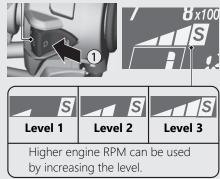
➤ Close the throttle completely. Then select the desired level of the S mode.



Press and hold the **D-S** side of the N-D switch

Press the **D-S** side of the N-D switch

N-D switch



The selected level is maintained even when the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position, or transmission is switched to out of S mode.

Riding in MT MODE

Shift up and down with the shift up switch (+) and shift down switch (-).

The selected gear is shown on the gear position indicator.

- ▶ If the MT MODE is selected, the transmission does not shift up automatically. Do not allow the engine revs to go into the red zone.
- ► The transmission automatically shifts down when you slow down, even in MT MODE.
- ➤ You will start from 1st gear even if MT MODE is selected.

Gear shift operation

Shifting Up:

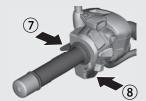
Press the shift up switch (+) (7).

Shifting Down:

Press the shift down switch (-) (8).

You cannot continue shifting gear by keeping the shift switch pressed.

To continue shifting gear release the switch and press it again.



Shift Limit

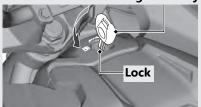
You cannot downshift if the engine will exceed the rev limit.

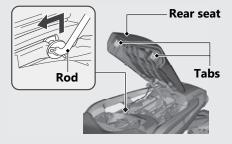
Refueling

This motorcycle must be opened the rear seat for refueling.

Rear Seat







Open

- 1 Insert the ignition key into the lock, and turn the key counterclockwise.
- 2 Pull up the front of the rear seat.

Close

- 1 Pull up the rod upward.
- ② Push down the front of the rear seat until it locks in place.
 - ► Make sure that the tabs are locked securely in position to pull up the front of the rear seat lightly.
 - The seat locks automatically when closed.
 - Take care not to lock your key in the compartment under the rear seat.
- 3 Remove the key.

Fuel type: Unleaded gasoline only Recommended fuel octane number:

Pump Octane Number (PON) 86 or higher.

Tank capacity: 3.73 US gal (14.1 L)

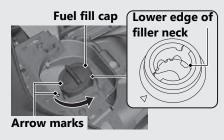
Refueling and Fuel Guidelines P.14

Opening the Fuel Fill Cap

- 1 Open the rear seat. P.68
- 2 Turn the fuel fill cap counterclockwise until it stops and remove the cap.

Closing the Fuel Fill Cap

- (1) Install and tighten the fuel fill cap firmly by turning it clockwise.
 - Make sure that the arrow marks on the cap and fuel tank are aligned.
- (2) Close the rear seat.



Do not fill with fuel above the lower edge of the filler neck.

AWARNING

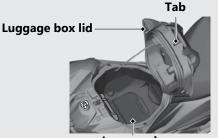
Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. You can be burned or seriously injured when handling fuel.

- · Stop the engine, and keep heat, sparks, and flame away.
- · Handle fuel only outdoors.
- · Wipe up spills immediately.

Storage Equipment

Luggage Box





Luggage box

Open

- 1 Insert the ignition key into the lock, and turn the key clockwise.
- 2 Pull up the front of the luggage box lid.

Close

- 1) Push down the front of the luggage box lid until it locks in place.
 - Make sure that the tab is locked securely in position to pull up the front of the luggage box lid lightly.
 - ➤ The lock automatically when closed. Take care not to lock your key in the luggage box.
- 2 Remove the key.

Never exceed the maximum weight limit.

Maximum Weight: 11.0 lb (5.0 kg)

▶ Do not store any items that are flammable or susceptible to heat damage.

A helmet can be stored in the luggage box. Set in the front of the helmet upward.



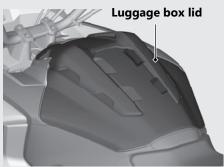
➤ Some helmets may not fit in the compartment due to their size or design.

Opening the luggage box. P70

Luggage Box Lid

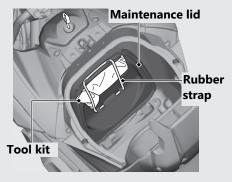
Never exceed the maximum weight limit.

Maximum Weight: 4.5 lb (2.0 kg)



Storage Equipment (Continued) **Tool Kit**

The tool kit is located on the maintenance lid (in the luggage box) by the rubber strap.



Opening the luggage box. P.70

Document Bag

The document bag is located in the owner's manual box (in the luggage box).

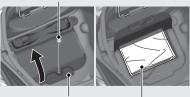
Opening the owner's manual Box

- 1 Remove the clip. →P.96
- 2 Open the owner's manual box lid.

Closing owner's manual Box

- 1) Close the owner's manual box lid.
- 2 Install the clip.

Clip



Owner's manual Document bag box lid

Helmet Holder

The helmet holder is located under the rear seat

A helmet set wire is in the tool kit.





► Use the helmet holder only when parked.

Opening the rear seat. P.68

AWARNING

Riding with a helmet attached to the holder can interfere with the rear wheel or suspension and could cause a crash in which you can be seriously hurt or killed.

Use the helmet holder only while parked. Do not ride with a helmet secured by the holder.

Maintenance

Please read "Importance of Maintenance" and "Maintenance Fundamentals" carefully before attempting any maintenance. Refer to "Specifications" for service data.

An optional larger tool kit may be available.

Check with your Honda dealer's parts department.

Importance of Maintenance Maintenance Schedule	
Maintenance Fundamentals	P. 80
Removing & Installing Body Compone	ents P. 95
Battery	P. 95
Clip	P. 96
Lower Cowl	P. 97
Maintenance Lid	P. 99
Spark Plug	P. 100
Engine Oil	
Coolant	P. 109
Brakes	P. 111
Side Stand	
Drive Chain	P. 115

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125
126

Importance of Maintenance

Importance of Maintenance

Keeping your motorcycle well-maintained is absolutely essential to your safety and to protect your investment, obtain maximum performance, avoid breakdowns, and reduce air pollution. Maintenance is the owner's responsibility. Be sure to inspect your motorcycle before each ride, and perform the periodic checks specified in the Maintenance Schedule. **2** P. 77

AWARNING

Improperly maintaining your motorcycle or failing to correct a problem before you ride can cause a crash in which you can be seriously hurt or killed.

Always follow the inspection and maintenance recommendations and schedules in this owner's manual.

For information about the exhaust emission and noise emission requirements of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the California Air Resources Board (CARB), and the Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC). ▶ P. 160

USA

Maintenance, replacement or repair of the emission control devices and systems may be performed by any motorcycle repair establishment or individual using parts that are "certified" to EPA standards.

Importance of Maintenance

Maintenance Safety

Always read the maintenance instructions before you begin each task, and make sure that you have the tools, parts, and skills required. We cannot warn you of every conceivable hazard that can arise in performing maintenance. Only you can decide whether or not you should perform a given task.

Follow these guidelines when performing maintenance.

- Stop the engine and remove the key.
- Place your motorcycle on a firm, level surface using the side stand or a maintenance stand to provide support.
- Allow the engine, muffler, brakes, and other high-temperature parts to cool before servicing as you can get burned.
- Run the engine only when instructed, and do so in a well-ventilated area.

Maintenance Schedule

The maintenance schedule specifies the maintenance requirements necessary to ensure safe, dependable performance, and proper emission control.

Maintenance work should be performed in accordance with Honda's standards and specifications by properly trained and equipped technicians. Your dealer meets all of these requirements. Keep an accurate record of maintenance to help ensure that your motorcycle is properly maintained. Make sure that whomever performs the maintenance completes this record.

All scheduled maintenance is considered a normal owner operating cost and will be charged to you by your dealer. Retain all receipts. If you sell the motorcycle, these receipts should be transferred with the motorcycle to the new owner.

_			Frequency*1											
Items			× 1,000 mi	0.6	4	8	12	16 20	24	Regular	Refer to			
			× 1,000 km	1.0	6.4	12.8	19.2	25.6	32.0	38.4	Replace	page		
	Fuel Line	1										-		
	Throttle Operation	3/4										122		
	Air Cleaner*2						B			ß		94		
Items	Crankcase Breather*3				C	C	С	С	С	С		124		
<u>te</u>	Spark Plug		Every 16,000 mi (25,600 km): Every 32,000 mi (51,200 km): R											
ted	Valve Clearance	1										_		
Emission-Related	Engine Oil			®		B		B		B	1 Year	105		
-uc	Engine Oil Filter			R				B				105		
issi	Clutch Oil Filter*6			®				B				107		
En	Engine Idle Speed	1										-		
	Radiator Coolant*7										3 Years	109		
	Cooling System	3/4										-		
	Evaporative Emission Control System*4	1										-		

Maintenance Level

- Intermediate. We recommend service by your dealer, unless you have the necessary tools and are mechanically skilled.
 Procedures are provided in an official Honda Service Manual (
 P. 166).
- : Technical. In the interest of safety, have your motorcycle serviced by your dealer.

Maintenance Legend

- : Inspect (clean, adjust, lubricate, or replace if necessary)
- **R** : Replace
- L : Lubricate
- c : Clean

			Frequency*1										
Items			× 1,000 mi	0.6	4	8	12	16	20	24		Refer to page	
			× 1,000 km	1.0	6.4	12.8	19.2	25.6	32.0	38.4	Replace		
	Drive Chain			Every 600 mi (1,000 km): 📘 📘									
	Drive Chain Slider											₽ P. 118	
	Brake Fluid* ⁷										2 Years	111	
sms	Brake Pads Wear											112	
-Related Items	Brake System											80	
atec	Brake Light Switch											113	
Rel	Brake Lock Operation*6	1				1				1		113	
	Headlight Aim											125	
Von-Emission	Clutch System*5											119	
뇩	Side Stand											114	
Non	Suspension	1										-	
_	Nuts, Bolts, Fasteners	1										-	
	Wheels/Tires	Ж										90	
	Steering Head Bearings	*										-	

Notes:

- *1: At higher odometer readings, repeat at the frequency interval established here.
- *2: Service more frequently when riding in unusually wet or *6: NC750XD. dusty areas.
- *3: Service more frequently when riding in rain or at full throttle.
- *4: 50 STATE (meets California).
- *5: NC750X and NC750XA.
- *7: Replacement requires mechanical skill.

Maintenance Fundamentals

Pre-ride Inspection

To ensure safety, it is your responsibility to perform a pre-ride inspection and make sure that any problem you find is corrected. A pre-ride inspection is a must, not only for safety, but because having a breakdown, or even a flat tire, can be a major inconvenience.

Check the following items before you get on your motorcycle:

- Tire tread wear and air pressures are within limits. ■ P. 90
- Lights, horn, and turn signals operate normally.
- Check the condition of the drive chain.
 Adjust slack and lubricate as needed. ₽ P. 87

Check the following items if you are carrying a passenger or cargo:

- Combined weight is within load limits.
 ▶ P. 172
- Cargo is secured properly.

Check the following items after you get on your motorcycle:

- Throttle action moves smoothly without binding. ▶ P. 122
- Brake lever and pedal operate normally.
- Engine stop switch functions properly.▶ P. 50

Check the following items at regular intervals:

- Oil level is between the upper and lower level marks.

 P. 103
- Engine coolant level is between the UPPER and LOWER level marks. ➡ P. 109
- Side stand functions properly.

 ₱ P. 114
- NC750XD
 Parking brake works properly. ▶ P. 113

Periodic Checks

You should also perform other periodic maintenance checks at least once a month regardless of how often you ride, or more often if you ride frequently.

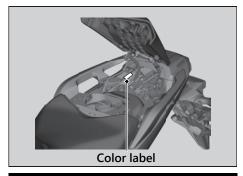
Also, check the odometer reading against the Maintenance Schedule and perform all maintenance that is due. ▶ P. 77

Tires and wheels	Check the air pressure (≥ P. 90), examine tread for wear and damage (≥ P. 90), and check the wheels for damage.						
Fluid levels	Check the engine oil level (► P. 103), engine coolant level (► P. 109), and brake fluid level (► P. 111).						
Lights	Check that the headlight, position lights, brake light, taillight, license plate light and turn signals are working properly.						
Controls	Check the freeplay of the clutch lever (NC750X/XA) (→ P. 119) and throttle grip (→ P. 122), Check the front brake lever (→ P. 126), rear brake pedal and parking brake (NC750XD) (→ P. 113) operate properly.						
Drive chain	Check the slack (▶ P. 115), adjust the slack (▶ P. 116), and lubricate (▶ P. 88) as needed.						
Fuses	Check that you have a full supply of spare fuses.						
Nuts & bolts	Check the major nuts and bolts, and tighten as needed.						

Replacing Parts

Always use Honda Genuine Parts or their equivalents to ensure reliability and safety. When ordering colored components, specify the model name, color, and code mentioned on the color label.

The color label is attached to the frame under the rear seat. ■ P. 68



AWARNING

Installing non-Honda parts may make your motorcycle unsafe and cause a crash in which you can be seriously hurt or killed.

Always use Honda Genuine Parts or equivalents that have been designed and approved for your motorcycle.

Battery

Your motorcycle has a maintenance-free type battery. You do not have to check the battery electrolyte level or add distilled water. Clean the battery terminals if they become dirty or corroded. Do not remove the battery cap seals. There is no need to remove the cap when charging.

NOTICE

An improperly disposed of battery can be harmful to the environment and human health. Always confirm local regulations for proper battery disposal instruction.

| What to do in an emergency

If any of the following occur, immediately see your doctor.

- Electrolyte splashes into your eyes:
 - Wash your eyes repeatedly with cool water for at least 15 minutes. Using water under pressure can damage your eyes.
- Electrolyte splashes onto your skin:
 - Remove affected clothing and wash your skin thoroughly using water.

- Electrolyte splashes into your mouth:
 - Rinse mouth thoroughly with water, and do not swallow.

AWARNING

The battery gives off explosive hydrogen gas during normal operation.

A spark or flame can cause the battery to explode with enough force to kill or seriously hurt you.

Wear protective clothing and a face shield, or have a skilled mechanic do the battery servicing.

WARNING: Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds.

Wash your hands after handling.

■ Cleaning the Battery Terminals

- 1. Remove the battery.
 ▶ P. 95
- 2. If the terminals are starting to corrode and are coated with a white substance, wash with warm water and wipe clean.
- **3.** If the terminals are heavily corroded, clean and polish the terminals with a wire brush or sandpaper. Wear safety glasses.



4. After cleaning, reinstall the battery.

The battery has a limited life span. Consult your dealer about when you should replace the battery. Always replace the battery with another maintenance-free battery of the same type.

Charging

If you use electrical accessories that drain the battery or you do not ride frequently, we recommend that you charge the battery every 30 days using a charger designed specifically for your Honda, which can be purchased from your dealer. Read the information that came with your battery charger and follow the instructions on the battery. Avoid using an automobile-type battery charger, as these can overheat a motorcycle battery and cause permanent damage.

Make sure the ignition switch is in the OFF position before charging the battery.

NOTICE

Improper charging can damage the battery. If you can't charge the battery or it appears unable to hold a charge, contact your dealer.

NOTICE

Jump starting using an automobile battery can damage your motorcycle's electrical system and is not recommended. Bump starting is also not recommended.

NOTICE

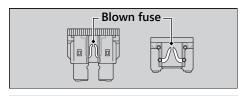
Installing non-Honda electrical accessories can overload the electrical system, discharging the battery and possibly damaging the system.

Fuses

Fuses protect the electrical circuits on your motorcycle. If something electrical on your motorcycle stops working, check for and replace any blown fuses. ▶ P. 146

Inspecting and Replacing Fuses

Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position to remove and inspect fuses. If a fuse is blown, replace with a fuse of the same rating. For fuse ratings, see "Specifications."
P. 174



NOTICE

Replacing a fuse with one that has a higher rating greatly increases the chance of damage to the electrical system.

If a fuse fails repeatedly, you likely have an electrical fault. Have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer.

Engine Oil

Engine oil consumption varies and oil quality deteriorates according to riding conditions and time elapsed.

Check the engine oil level regularly, and add the recommended engine oil if necessary. Dirty oil or old oil should be changed as soon as possible.

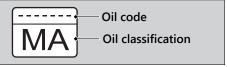
Selecting the Engine Oil

For recommended engine oil, see "Specifications."
▶ P. 173

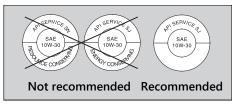
If you use non-Honda engine oil, check the label to make sure that the oil satisfies all of the following standards:

- JASO T 903 standard*1: MA
- SAE standard*2: 10W-30
- API classification*3: SG or higher

*1. The JASO T 903 standard is an index for engine oils for 4-stroke motorcycle engines. There are two classes: MA and MB. For example, the following label shows the MA classification.



- *2. The SAE standard grades oils by their viscosity.
- *3. The API classification specifies the quality and performance rating of engine oils. Use SG or higher oils, excluding oils marked as "Energy Conserving" or "Resource Conserving" on the circular API service symbol.



Brake Fluid

Do not add or replace brake fluid, except in an emergency. Use only fresh brake fluid from a sealed container. If you do add fluid, have the brake system serviced by your dealer as soon as possible.

NOTICE

Brake fluid can damage plastic and painted surfaces. Wipe up spills immediately and wash thoroughly.

Recommended brake fluid:

Honda DOT 4 Brake Fluid or equivalent

AWARNING

Clean filler cap before removing. Use only DOT 4 fluid from a sealed container.

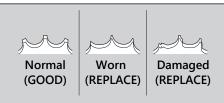
Drive Chain

The drive chain must be inspected and lubricated regularly. Inspect the chain more frequently if you often ride on bad roads, ride at high speed, or ride with repeated fast acceleration. ▶ P. 115

If the chain does not move smoothly, makes strange noises, has damaged rollers, has loose pins, has missing O-rings, or kinks, have the chain inspected by your dealer.

Maintenance Fundamentals

Also inspect the drive sprocket and driven sprocket. If either has worn or damaged teeth, have the sprocket replaced by your dealer.



NOTICE

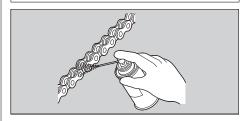
Use of a new chain with worn sprockets will cause rapid chain wear.

Cleaning and Lubricating

After inspecting the slack, clean the chain and sprockets while rotating the rear wheel. Use a dry cloth with chain cleaner designed specifically for O-ring chains, or neutral detergent. Use a soft brush if the chain is dirty. After cleaning, wipe dry and lubricate with the recommended lubricant.

Recommended lubricant:

Pro Honda HP Chain Lube or equivalent



Do not use a steam cleaner, a high pressure cleaner, a wire brush, volatile solvent such as gasoline and benzene, abrasive cleaner, chain cleaner or lubricant NOT designed specifically for O-ring chains as these can damage the rubber O-ring seals.

Avoid getting lubricant on the brakes or tires. Avoid applying excess chain lubricant to prevent spray onto your clothes and the motorcycle.

Recommended Coolant

Pro Honda HP Coolant is a pre-mixed solution of antifreeze and distilled water.

Concentration:

50% antifreeze and 50% distilled water

A concentration of antifreeze below 40% will not provide proper corrosion and cold temperature protection.

A concentration of up to 60% will provide better protection in colder climates.

NOTICE

Using coolant not specified for aluminum engines or tap/mineral water can cause corrosion.

Crankcase Breather

Service more frequently when riding in rain, at full throttle, or after the motorcycle is washed or overturned. Service if the deposit level can be seen in the transparent section of the drain tube

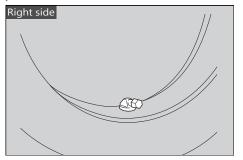
If the drain tube overflows, the air filter may become contaminated with engine oil causing poor engine performance. ▶ P. 124

Tires (Inspecting/Replacing)

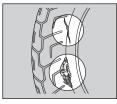
Checking the Air Pressure

Visually inspect your tires and use an air pressure gauge to measure the air pressure at least once a month or any time you think the tires look low. Always check air pressure when your tires are cold.

Even if the direction of the valve stem is changed, do not return it to the original position. Have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer.



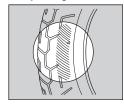
Inspecting for Damage



Inspect the tires for cuts, slits, or cracks that exposes fabric or cords, or nails or other foreign objects embedded in the side of the tire or the tread.

Also inspect for any unusual bumps or bulges in the side walls of the tires.

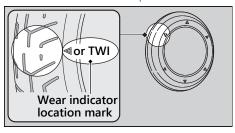
Inspecting for Abnormal Wear



Inspect the tires for signs of abnormal wear on the contact surface.

Inspecting Tread Depth

Inspect the tread wear indicators. If they become visible, replace the tires immediately. For safe riding, you should replace the tires when the minimum tread depth is reached.



AWARNING

Riding on tires that are excessively worn or improperly inflated can cause a crash in which you can be seriously hurt or killed.

Follow all instructions in this owner's manual regarding tire inflation and maintenance

Maintenance Fundamentals

Have your tires replaced by your dealer. For recommended tires, air pressure and minimum tread depth, see "Specifications."

₽ P. 173

Follow these guidelines whenever you replace tires.

- Use the recommended tires or equivalents of the same size, construction, speed rating, and load range.
- Have the wheel balanced with Honda Genuine balance weights or equivalent after the tire is installed.
- Do not install a tube inside a tubeless tire on this motorcycle. Excessive heat build-up can cause the tube to burst.
- Use only tubeless tires on this motorcycle.
 The rims are designed for tubeless tires, and during hard acceleration or braking, a tube-type tire could slip on the rim and cause the tire to rapidly deflate.

AWARNING

Installing improper tires on your motorcycle can adversely affect handling and stability, and can cause a crash in which you can be seriously hurt or killed.

Always use the size and type of tires recommended in this owner's manual.

Tire Service Life

The service life of your tires is dependent on many factors, including, but not limited to, riding habits, road conditions, vehicle loading, tire air pressure, maintenance history, speed, and environmental conditions (even when the tires are not in use).

In addition to your regular inspections and maintenance, it is recommended that you have annual inspections performed once the tires reach 5 years old. It is also recommended that all tires be removed from service after 10 years from the date of manufacture, regardless of their condition or state of wear.

The last four digits of the TIN (tire identification number) indicate the date of manufacture.

■ Tire Identification Number (TIN)

The tire identification number (TIN) is a group of numbers and letters located on the sidewall of the tire.

1) (2)

VVVV 22

DOT XXXX XXXX 22 09

DOT: This indicates that the tire meets all

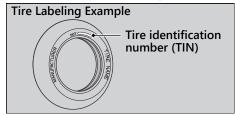
requirements of the U.S.

Department of Transportation.

XXXX: Factory code
 XXXX: Tire type code

3 22 09: Date of manufacture (week & year).

Example: week 22 in year 09.



Maintenance Fundamentals

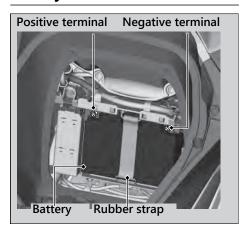
Air Cleaner

This motorcycle is equipped with a viscous type air cleaner element which cannot be cleaned with compressed air or otherwise without degrading its performance.

If the filter becomes dirty, replace it with a new one.

Removing & Installing Body Components

Battery



Removal

Make sure the ignition switch is in the OFF position.

1. Open the luggage box. ▶ P. 70

- 2. Remove the maintenance lid. ▶ P. 99
- 3. Unhook the rubber strap.
- **4.** Disconnect the negative \bigcirc terminal from the battery.
- **5.** Disconnect the positive \oplus terminal from the battery.
- **6.** Remove the battery taking care not to drop the terminal nuts.

I Installation

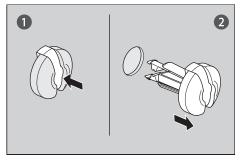
Install the parts in the reverse order of removal. Always connect the positive \oplus terminal first. Make sure that bolts and nuts are tight.

Make sure the clock information is correct after the battery is reconnected. ▶ P. 41
For proper handling of the battery, see "Maintenance Fundamentals." ▶ P. 83
"Battery Goes Dead." ▶ P. 143

Clip

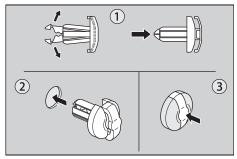
Removal

- **1.** Press down on the center pin to release the lock.
- 2. Pull the clip out of the hole.

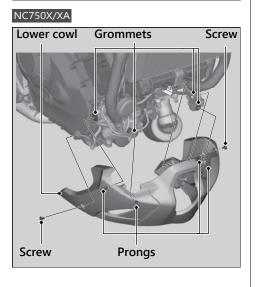


I Installation

- **1.** Slightly open the retaining pawls and then push them out.
- 2. Insert the clip into the hole.
- **3.** Lightly press down on the center pin to lock the clip.



Lower Cowl



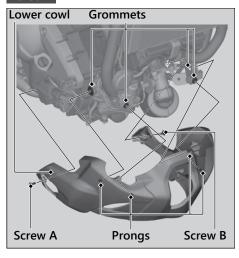
I Removal

- 1. Remove the screws.
- **2.** Remove the lower cowl by releasing its prongs from the grommets.

I Installation

Install the parts in the reverse order of removal.

NC750XD



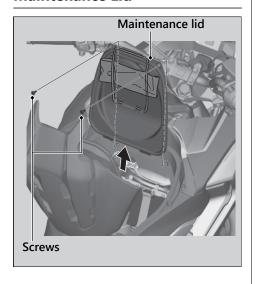
I Removal

- 1. Remove the screw A and B.
- **2.** Remove the lower cowl by releasing its prongs from the grommets.

Installation

Install the parts in the reverse order of removal.

Maintenance Lid



I Removal

- 1. Open the luggage box. ▶ P. 70
- 2. Remove the screws.
- 3. Remove the maintenance lid.

I Installation

- 1. Install the maintenance lid.
- 2. Install and tighten the screws.

Torque: 2.2 lbf·ft (3 N·m, 0.3 kgf·m)

3. Close the luggage box.

Spark Plug

Checking Spark Plug

For the recommended spark plugs, see "Specifications." ■ P. 173

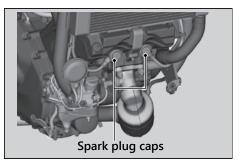
Use only the recommended type of spark plugs in the recommended heat range.

NOTICE

Using a spark plug with an improper heat range can cause engine damage.

This motorcycle uses spark plugs that have an iridium coated center electrode. Be sure to observe the following when servicing the spark plugs.

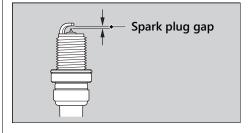
- Do not clean the spark plugs. If an electrode is contaminated with accumulated objects or dirt, replace the spark plug with a new one.
- To check the spark plug gap, use only a "wire-type feeler gauge." To prevent damaging the iridium coating of the center electrode, never use a "leaf-type feeler gauge."
- Do not adjust the spark plug gap. If the gap is out of specification, replace the spark plug with a new one.



- 1. Remove the lower cowl.

 ▶ P. 97
- **2.** Disconnect the spark plug caps from the spark plugs.
- **3.** Clean any dirt from around the spark plug bases.
- **4.** Remove the spark plugs using a suitable spark plug wrench.

- **5.** Inspect the electrodes and center porcelain for deposits, erosion or carbon fouling.
 - If the erosion or deposit is heavy, replace the plug.
- **6.** Make sure that a 1.2 mm wire-type feeler gauge cannot be inserted between the spark plug gap. If the gauge fits in the gap, replace the plug with a new one.



Spark Plug ► Checking Spark Plug

- **7.** Make sure the plug washer is in good condition.
- **8.** Install the spark plugs. With the plug washers attached, thread the spark plugs in by hand to prevent cross-threading.
- **9.** Tighten the spark plug:
 - If the old plug is good:
 1/8 turn after it seats.
 - If installing a new plug, tighten it twice to prevent loosening:
 - a) First, tighten the plug: 2/3 turn after it seats.
 - b) Then loosen the plug.
 - c) Next, tighten the plug again: 1/8 turn after it seats.

NOTICE

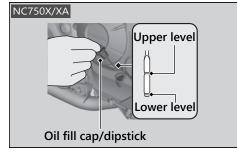
An improperly tightened spark plug can damage the engine. If a plug is too loose, a piston may be damaged. If a plug is too tight, the threads may be damaged.

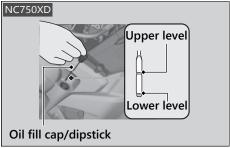
- **10.** Install the parts in the reverse order of removal.
 - When reinstalling the spark plug caps, take care to avoid pinching any cables or wires.
- **11.** Install the parts in the reverse order of removal.

Engine Oil

Checking the Engine Oil

- **1.** If the engine is cold, idle the engine for 3 to 5 minutes
- **2.** Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position and wait for 2 to 3 minutes.
- **3.** Place your motorcycle in an upright position on a firm, level surface.
- 4. Remove the oil fill cap/dipstick and wipe it clean
- **5.** Insert the oil fill cap/dipstick until it seats, but don't screw it in.
- **6.** Check that the oil level is between the upper level and lower level marks on the oil fill cap/dipstick.
- 7. Securely install the oil fill cap/dipstick.





Adding Engine Oil

If the engine oil is below or near the lower level mark, add the recommended engine oil. ▶ P. 86, ▶ P. 173

- 1. Remove the oil fill cap/dipstick. Add the recommended oil until it reaches the upper level mark.
 - Place your motorcycle in an upright position on a firm, level surface when checking the oil level.
 - ▶ Do not overfill above the upper level mark.
 - Make sure no foreign objects enter the oil filler opening.
 - ► Wipe up any spills immediately.

2. Securely reinstall the oil fill cap/dipstick.

NOTICE

Overfilling with oil or operating with insufficient oil can cause damage to your engine. Do not mix different brands and grades of oil. They may affect lubrication and clutch operation.

For the recommended oil and oil selection guidelines, see "Maintenance Fundamentals." P. 86

Changing Engine Oil & Filter

Changing the oil and filter requires special tools. We recommend that you have your motorcycle serviced by your dealer.

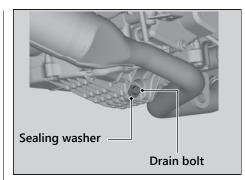
Use a new Honda Genuine oil filter or equivalent specified for your model.

NOTICE

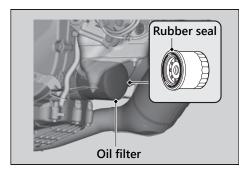
Using the wrong oil filter can result in serious damage to the engine.

- 1. Remove the lower cowl.

 ▶ P. 97
- **2.** If the engine is cold, idle the engine for 3 to 5 minutes.
- **3.** Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position and wait for 2 to 3 minutes.
- **4.** Place your motorcycle on a firm, level surface.
- 5. Place a drain pan under the drain bolt.



- **6.** Remove the oil fill cap/dipstick, drain bolt, and sealing washer to drain the oil.
- 7. Remove the oil filter with a filter wrench and let the remaining oil drain out. Make sure the prior seal is not stuck to the engine.
 - ▶ Discard the oil and oil filter at an approved recycling center.



- **8.** Apply a thin coat of engine oil to the rubber seal of a new oil filter.
- **9.** Install the new oil filter and tighten.

Torque: 19 lbf·ft (26 N·m, 2.7 kgf·m)

Install a new sealing washer onto the drain bolt. Tighten the drain bolt.

Torque: 22 lbf·ft (30 N·m, 3.1 kgf·m)

11. Fill the crankcase with the recommended oil (▶ P. 86, ▶ P. 173) and install the oil fill cap/dipstick.

Required oil

When changing oil & engine oil filter:

3.6 US qt (3.4 L)

When changing oil only:

NC750X/XA

3.3 US qt (3.1 L)

NC750XD

3.4 US at (3.2 L)

- 12. Check the oil level.
 ▶ P. 103
- **13.** Check that there are no oil leaks.
- 14. Install the lower cowl.

Changing Clutch Oil Filter

NC750XD

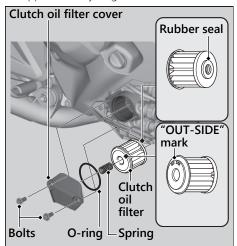
Use a new Honda Genuine clutch oil filter or equivalent specified for your model.

NOTICE

Using the wrong clutch oil filter can result in serious damage to the transmission

1. Follow the steps 1-7 of Changing Engine Oil & Filter. ▶ P. 105

- Remove the clutch oil filter cover, clutch oil filter and spring by removing the clutch oil filter cover bolts.
- ▶ Discard the oil and clutch oil filter at an approved recycling center.



Engine Oil ► Changing Clutch Oil Filter

- Install the new clutch oil filter with the rubber seal facing in, toward the engine. You will see "OUT-SIDE" mark on the clutch oil filter body, toward the filter cover.
- **4.** Replace the O-ring and apply a thin coat of engine oil to the new O-ring before installing it.
- **5.** Install the spring and the clutch oil filter cover.
- **6.** Install the clutch oil filter cover bolts and tighten.
- Apply a thin coat of engine oil to the rubber seal of a new engine oil filter.
 P. 106
- **8.** Install a new engine oil filter and tighten.

Torque: 19 lbf·ft (26 N·m, 2.7 kgf·m)

9. Replace the new sealing washer. Install the drain bolt and tighten.

Torque: 22 lbf·ft (30 N·m, 3.1 kgf·m)

10. Fill the crankcase with the recommended oil (▶ P. 86, ▶ P. 173) and install the oil fill cap/dipstick.

Required oil

When changing oil, engine oil filter & clutch oil filter:

3.6 US qt (3.4 L)

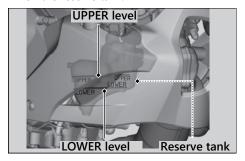
- **11.**Check the oil level. **▶** P. 103
- 12. Check that there are no oil leaks.
- 13. Install the lower cowl.

Coolant

Checking the Coolant

Check the coolant level in the reserve tank while the engine is cold.

- **1.** Place your motorcycle on a firm, level surface.
- **2.** Hold your motorcycle in an upright position.
- 3. Check that the coolant level is between the UPPER level and LOWER level marks on the reserve tank



If the coolant level is dropping noticeably or the reserve tank is empty, you likely have a serious leak. Have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer.

Adding Coolant

If the coolant level is below the LOWER level mark, add the recommended coolant

(≥ P. 89) until the level reaches the UPPER level mark.

Add fluid only from the reserve tank cap and do not remove the radiator cap.

1. Remove the lower cowl. ▶ P. 97

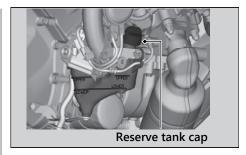
Coolant ► Changing Coolant

- **2.** Remove the reserve tank cap and add fluid while monitoring the coolant level.
 - ▶ Do not overfill above the UPPER level mark.
 - ► Make sure no foreign objects enter the reserve tank opening.
- **3.** Securely reinstall the reserve tank cap.
- 4. Install the lower cowl.

AWARNING

Removing the radiator cap while the engine is hot can cause the coolant to spray out, potentially scalding you.

Always let the engine and radiator cool down before removing the radiator cap.



Changing Coolant

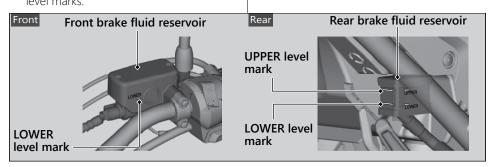
Have your dealer change the coolant unless you have the proper tools and are mechanically qualified.

Checking Brake Fluid

- **1.** Place your motorcycle in an upright position on a firm, level surface.
- 2. Front Check that the brake fluid reservoir is horizontal and that the fluid level is above the LOWER level mark.

 Rear Check that the brake fluid reservoir is horizontal and that the fluid level is between the LOWER level and UPPER level marks

If the brake fluid level in either reservoir is below the LOWER level mark or the brake lever and pedal freeplay becomes excessive, inspect the brake pads for wear. If the brake pads are not worn, you most likely have a leak. Have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer.



Inspecting the Brake Pads

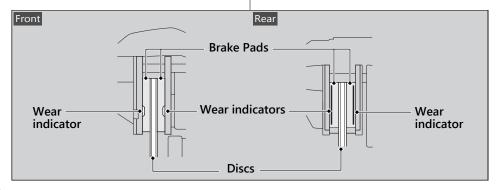
Check the condition of the brake pad wear indicators.

The pads need to be replaced if a brake pad is worn to the indicator.

- 1. Front Inspect the brake pads from below the brake caliper.
- **2.** Rear Inspect the brake pads from the rear right of the motorcycle.

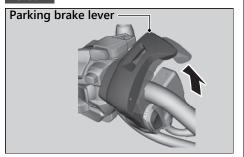
If necessary have the pads replaced by your dealer.

Always replace both left and right brake pads at the same time.



Checking the Parking Brake

NC750XD

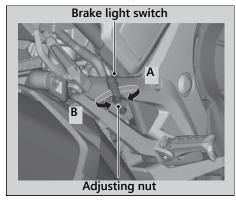


Place your motorcycle on a firm, level surface. Stop the engine and push your motorcycle while set the parking brake to check the efficacy of the parking brake.

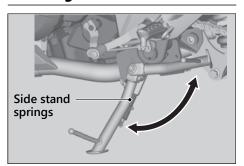
If the efficacy of the parking brake becomes weak, have the brake adjusted by your dealer.

Adjusting the Brake Light Switch

Check the operation of the brake light switch. Hold the brake light switch and turn the adjusting nut in the direction A if the switch operates too late, or turn the nut in the direction B if the switch operates too soon.



Checking the Side Stand



- Check that the side stand operates smoothly. If the side stand is stiff or squeaky, clean the pivot area and lubricate the pivot bolt with clean grease.
- **2.** Check the springs for damage or loss of tension.

3. NC750X/XA

4. Sit on the motorcycle, shift the transmission to Neutral, and raise the side stand.

NC750XD

Sit on the motorcycle and raise the side stand.

5. NC750X/XA

Start the engine, pull the clutch lever in, and shift the transmission into gear.

NC750XD

Start the engine and press the **D-S** side of N-D switch to switch the transmission into D mode.

6. Lower the side stand all the way. The engine should stop as you lower the side stand. If the engine doesn't stop, have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer.

Inspecting the Drive Chain Slack

Check the drive chain slack at several points along the chain. If the slack is not constant at all points, some links may be kinked and binding.

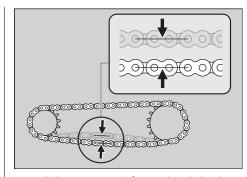
Have the chain inspected by your dealer.

- **1.** Shift the transmission to Neutral. Stop the engine.
- **2.** Place your motorcycle on its side stand on a firm, level surface.
- **3.** Check the slack in the lower half of the drive chain midway between the sprockets.

Drive chain slack:

1 3/16 - 1 9/16 in (30 - 40 mm)

▶ Do not ride your motorcycle if the slack exceeds 2 3/8 in (60 mm).



- **4.** Roll the motorcycle forward and check that the chain moves smoothly.
- 5. Inspect the sprockets.
 ▶ P. 87
- 6. Clean and lubricate the drive chain.▶ P. 88

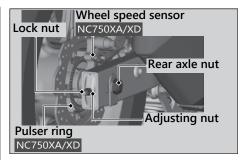
Adjusting the Drive Chain Slack

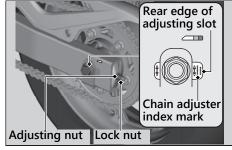
Adjusting the chain requires special tools. Have the drive chain slack adjusted by your dealer.

NC750XA/XD

When adjusting the drive chain slack, be careful not to damage the wheel speed sensor and pulser ring.

- **1.** Shift the transmission to Neutral. Stop the engine.
- **2.** Place your motorcycle on its side stand on a firm, level surface.
- 3. Loosen the rear axle nut.
- **4.** Loosen the lock nuts on both sides of the swingarm.





- 5. Turn both adjusting nuts an equal number of turns until the correct drive chain slack is obtained. Turn the adjusting nuts clockwise to tighten the chain. Turn the adjusting nuts counterclockwise to provide more slack. Adjust the slack at a point midway between the drive sprocket and the driven sprocket.
 - Check the drive chain slack. ▶ P. 115
- 6. Check rear axle alignment by making sure the chain adjuster index marks align with the rear edge of the adjusting slots. Both marks should correspond. If the axle is misaligned, turn the right or left adjusting nut until the marks are aligned and recheck chain slack.

7. Tighten the rear axle nut.

Torque: 72 lbf·ft (98 N·m, 10.0 kgf·m)

8. Tighten the drive chain adjusting nuts lightly, then hold the adjusting nuts and tighten the lock nuts.

Torque: 15 lbf·ft (21 N·m, 2.1 kgf·m)

9. Recheck drive chain slack.

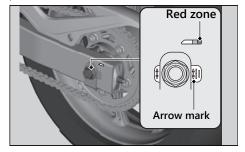
If a torque wrench was not used for installation, see your dealer as soon as possible to verify proper assembly. Improper assembly may lead to loss of braking capacity.

I Checking the Drive Chain Wear

Check the chain wear label when adjusting the drive chain. If the arrow mark on the chain adjuster plate enters the red zone on the label after the chain has been adjusted to the proper slack, the chain is excessively worn and must be replaced.

Chain: DID 520V0 or RK 520KHO

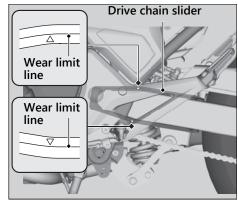
If necessary have the drive chain replaced by your dealer.



Checking the Drive Chain Slider

Check the condition of the drive chain slider. The drive chain slider will need to be replaced if the chain slider is worn to the wear limit line.

If necessary have the drive chain slider replaced by your dealer.



Clutch

Checking the Clutch

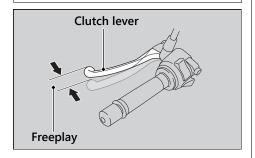
NC750X/XA

| Checking the Clutch Lever Freeplay

Check the clutch lever freeplay.

Freeplay at the clutch lever:

3/8 - 13/16 in (10 - 20 mm)



Check the clutch cable for kinks or signs of wear. If necessary have it replaced by your dealer.

Lubricate the clutch cable with a commercially available cable lubricant to prevent premature wear and corrosion.

NOTICE

Improper freeplay adjustment can cause premature clutch wear

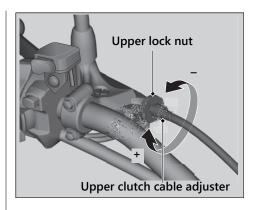
Adjusting the Clutch Lever Freeplay

NC750X/XA

| Upper Adjustment

Attempt adjustment with the upper clutch cable adjuster first.

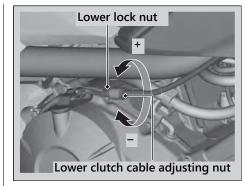
- 1. Loosen the upper lock nut.
- 2. Turn the upper clutch cable adjuster until the freeplay is 3/8 13/16 in (10 20 mm).
- **3.** Tighten the upper lock nut and check the freeplay again.



Lower Adjustment

If the upper clutch cable adjuster is threaded out near its limit, or the correct freeplay cannot be obtained, attempt adjustment with the lower clutch cable adjusting nut.

- Loosen the upper lock nut and turn the upper clutch cable adjuster all the way in (to provide maximum freeplay). Tighten the upper lock nut.
- 2. Loosen the lower lock nut.
- **3.** Turn the lower clutch cable adjusting nut until the clutch lever freeplay is 3/8 13/16 in (10 20 mm).
- **4.** Tighten the lower lock nut and check the clutch lever freeplay.
- 5. Start the engine, pull the clutch lever in, and shift into gear. Make sure the engine does not stall and the motorcycle does not creep. Gradually release the clutch lever and open the throttle. Your motorcycle should move smoothly and accelerate gradually.



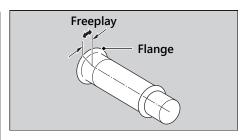
If proper adjustment cannot be obtained or the clutch does not work correctly, see your dealer.

Checking the Throttle

With the engine off, check that the throttle rotates smoothly from fully closed to fully open in all steering positions and throttle freeplay is correct. If the throttle does not move smoothly, close automatically, or if the cable is damaged, have the motorcycle inspected by your dealer.

Freeplay at the throttle grip flange:

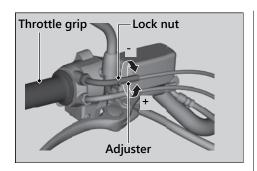
1/16 - 1/4 in (2 - 6 mm)



Adjusting the Throttle Freeplay

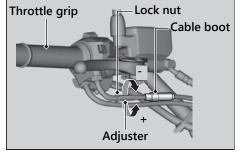
NC750X/XA

- 1. Loosen the lock nut.
- 2. Turn the adjuster until the freeplay is 1/16 1/4 in (2 6 mm).
- **3.** Tighten the lock nut and inspect the throttle action again.



NC750XD

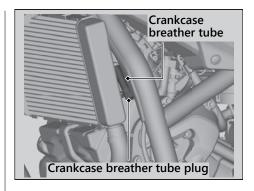
- 1. Slide the cable boot.
- 2. Loosen the lock nut.
- 3. Turn the adjuster until the freeplay is 1/16 1/4 in (2 6 mm).
- **4.** Tighten the lock nut, return the cable boot, and inspect the throttle action again.



Crankcase Breather

Cleaning the Crankcase Breather

- **1.** Place a suitable container under the crankcase breather tube.
- **2.** Remove the crankcase breather tube plug from the tube.
- **3.** Drain deposits into a suitable container.
- **4.** Install the crankcase breather tube plug.

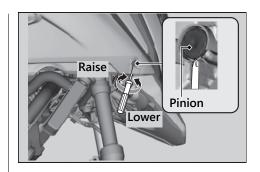


Other Adjustments

Adjusting the Headlight Aim

You can adjust vertical aim of the headlight for proper alignment. Turn the pinion in or out as necessary using provided Phillips screwdriver ▶ P. 72.

Obey local laws and regulations.



Adjusting the Brake Lever

You can adjust the distance between the tip of the brake lever and handle grip.

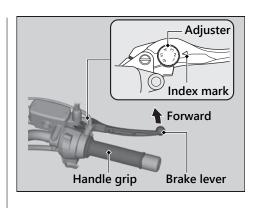
Adjustment method

Turn the adjuster until the numbers align with the index mark while pushing the lever forward in the desired position.

After adjustment, check that the lever operates correctly before riding.

NOTICE

Do not turn the adjuster beyond its natural limit.



Troubleshooting

Engine will not start	٠٢.	120
Overheating (High coolant temperature		
indicator is on)	. P.	129
Warning Indicators On or Flashing	. P.	130
Low Oil Pressure Indicator	Р.	130
PGM-FI (Programmed Fuel Injection)		
Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)	.Р.	130
ABS (Anti-lock Brake System) Indicator	Р.	131
Torque Control Indicator	.Р.	132
If the "-" Indicator is Blinking in the Gear		
Position Window While Riding	. P.	133
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Fuel Gauge Failure Indication	Р.	134
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Francisco Mill Night Chart

Electrical Trouble	P. 143
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Engine Will Not Start

Starter Motor Operates But Engine Does Not Start

Check the following items:

- Check the correct engine starting sequence.
 ■ P. 58
- Check that there is gasoline in the fuel tank.
- Check if the PGM-FI malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) is on.
 - ► If the indicator lamp is on, contact your dealer as soon as possible.

Starter Motor Does Not Operate

Check the following items:

- Check the correct engine starting sequence. ➡ P. 58
- Make sure engine stop switch is in the
 (Run) position.

 ₽. 51
- Check for a blown fuse. ▶ P. 146
- Check for a loose battery connection
 (▶ P. 95) or battery terminal corrosion
 (▶ P. 83).
- Check the condition of the battery.▶ P. 143

If the problem continues, have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer.

Overheating (High coolant temperature indicator is on)

The engine is overheating when the following occurs:

- High coolant temperature indicator comes on.
- Acceleration becomes sluggish.
 If this occurs, pull safely to the side of the road and perform the following procedure.

Extended fast idling may cause the high coolant temperature indicator to come on.

NOTICE

Continuing to ride with an overheated engine can cause serious damage to the engine.

 Stop the engine using the ignition switch, and then turn the ignition switch to the ON position. Check that the radiator fan is operating, and then turn the ignition switch to the OFF position.

If the fan is not operating:

Suspect a fault. Do not start the engine. Transport your motorcycle to your dealer.

If the fan is operating:

Allow the engine to cool with the ignition switch in the OFF position.

 After the engine has cooled, inspect the radiator hose and check if there is a leak.
 ₱ P. 109

If there is a leak:

Do not start the engine. Transport your motorcycle to your dealer.

- **4.** Check the coolant level in the reserve tank. **▶** P. 109
 - Add coolant as necessary.
- **5.** If 1-4 check normal, you may continue riding, but closely monitor the high coolant temperature indicator.

Warning Indicators On or Flashing

Low Oil Pressure Indicator

If the low oil pressure indicator comes on, pull safely to the side of the road and stop the engine.

NOTICE

Continuing to ride with low oil pressure can cause serious damage to the engine.

- 1. Check the engine oil level, and add oil as necessary.

 ▶ P. 103,

 ▶ P. 104
- 2. Start the engine.
 - ► Only continue riding if the low oil pressure indicator goes off.

Rapid acceleration may momentarily cause the low oil pressure indicator to come on, especially if the oil is at or near the low level. If the low oil pressure indicator stays on when the oil level is at the proper level, stop the engine and contact your dealer. If the engine oil level goes down rapidly, your motorcycle may have a leak or another serious problem. Have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer.

PGM-FI (Programmed Fuel Injection) Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)

If the indicator comes on while riding, you may have a serious problem with the PGM-FI system. Reduce speed and have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer as soon as possible.

ABS (Anti-lock Brake System) Indicator

NC750XA/XD

If the indicator operates in one of the following ways, you may have a serious problem with the ABS. Reduce your speed and have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer as soon as possible.

- Indicator comes on or starts flashing while riding.
- Indicator does not come on when the ignition switch is in the ON position.
- Indicator does not go off at speeds above 6 mph (10 km/h).

If the ABS indicator stays on, your brakes will continue to work as a conventional system, but without the anti-locking function.

The ABS indicator may flash if you turn the rear wheel while your motorcycle is lifted off the ground. In this case, turn the ignition switch to the OFF position, and then to the ON position again. The ABS indicator will go off after your speed reaches 19 mph (30 km/h).

Torque Control Indicator

NC750XA/XD

If the indicator operates in one of the following ways, you may have a serious problem with the Torque Control. Reduce your speed and have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer as soon as possible.

- Indicator comes and stays on (solid) while riding.
- Indicator does not come on when the ignition switch is turned to the ON position.
- Indicator does not go off at speeds above 6 mph (10 km/h).

Even when the Torque Control indicator is on, your motorcycle will have normal riding ability without Torque Control function.

➤ When the indicator comes on while the Torque Control is in operation, you will have to completely close the throttle to regain normal riding ability.

The Torque Control indicator may come on if you rotate the rear wheel while your motorcycle is lifted off the ground. In this case, turn the ignition switch to the OFF position, and then to the ON position again. The Torque Control indicator will go off after your speed reaches 6 mph (10 km/h).

If the "-" Indicator is Blinking in the Gear Position Window While Riding

NC750XD

If the "-" indicator is blinking while riding, you may have a serious problem with the Dual Clutch Transmission system.

Park your motorcycle in a safe place and have your motorcycle inspected by dealer immediately.

It may be possible to ride your motorcycle by following the steps below.

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position.
- **2.** Turn the ignition switch to the ON position and start the engine.

If you cannot start the engine:

Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position and move the motorcycle back and forth slightly (to disengage the gears).
Turn the ignition switch to the ON position again and start the engine.

If you still cannot start the engine:

Start the engine while applying the brake lever or pressing the brake pedal.

If you can shift from N to D mode:

When a gear position is shown in the gear position indicator, you can ride in that gear. Take your motorcycle to your dealer riding at a safe speed.

If you can't shift from N to D mode and the ''-'' indicator is blinking:

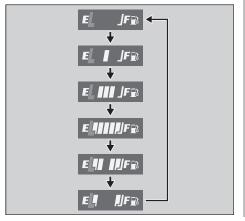
Damage is preventing you from riding. Have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer immediately.

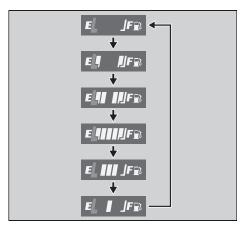
Other Warning Indications

Fuel Gauge Failure Indication

If the fuel system has an error, the fuel gauge indicators will be displayed as shown in the illustrations.

If these occur, see your dealer as soon as possible.





Tire Puncture

Repairing a puncture or removing a wheel requires special tools and technical expertise. We recommend you have this type of service performed by your dealer.

After an emergency repair, always have the tire inspected/replaced by your dealer.

Emergency Repair Using a Tire Repair Kit

If your tire has a minor puncture, you can make an emergency repair using a tubeless tire repair kit.

Follow the instructions provided with the emergency tire repair kit.

Riding your motorcycle with a temporary tire repair is very risky. Do not exceed 30 mph (50 km/h). Have the tire replaced by your dealer as soon as possible.

AWARNING

Riding your motorcycle with a temporary tire repair can be risky. If the temporary repair fails, you can crash and be seriously injured or killed.

If you must ride with a temporary tire repair, ride slowly and carefully and do not exceed 30 mph (50 km/h) until the tire is replaced.

Removing Wheels

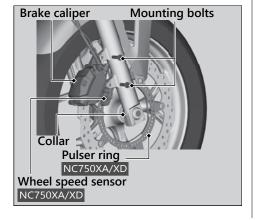
Follow these procedures if you need to remove a wheel in order to repair a puncture.

Tire Puncture ► Removing Wheels

NC750XA/XD

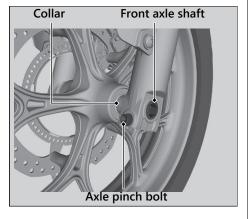
When removing and installing the wheel, be careful not to damage the wheel speed sensor and pulser ring.

Front Wheel Removal



- **1.** Place your motorcycle on a firm, level surface.
- **2.** Cover right side of the front wheel and brake caliper with protective tape or cloth.
- **3.** On the right side, remove the mounting bolts and remove the brake caliper.
 - Support the brake caliper assembly so that it doesn't hang from the brake hose. Do not twist the brake hose.
 - Avoid getting grease, oil, or dirt on the disc or pad surfaces.
 - ➤ Do not pull the brake lever while the brake caliper is removed.
 - Take care to prevent the brake caliper from scratching the wheel during removal.

- 4. Loosen the axle pinch bolt.
- **5.** Support your motorcycle securely and raise the front wheel off the ground using a maintenance stand or a hoist.
- **6.** On the left side, loosen and withdraw the front axle shaft, and remove the side collars and wheel.



Installation

- 1. Attach the side collars to the wheel.
- On the left side, place the wheel between the fork legs and insert the front axle shaft to the end, through the left fork leg and wheel hub.
- 3. Tighten the axle shaft.

Torque: 55 lbf·ft (74 N·m, 7.5 kgf·m)

Tire Puncture ► Removing Wheels

4. Install the brake caliper and tighten the mounting bolts.

Torque: 22 lbf·ft (30 N·m, 3.1 kgf·m)

- Take care to prevent the brake caliper from scratching the wheel during installation.
- Use new mounting bolts when installing the brake caliper.

NOTICE

When installing a wheel or caliper into original position, carefully fit the brake disc between the pads to avoid scratching them.

- 5. Lower the front wheel on the ground.
- **6.** Apply the brake lever several times. Then, pump the fork several times.
- 7. Tighten the axle pinch bolt.

Torque: 16 lbf·ft (22 N·m, 2.2 kgf·m)

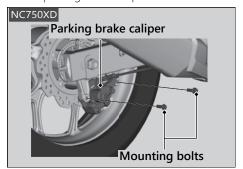
- **8.** Raise the front wheel off the ground again, and check that the wheel rotates freely after you release the brake.
- **9.** Uncover the protective tape or cloth.

If a torque wrench was not used for installation, see your dealer as soon as possible to verify proper assembly. Improper assembly may lead to loss of braking capacity.

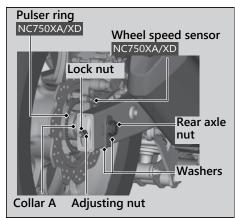
I Rear Wheel

Removal

- **1.** Support your motorcycle securely and raise the rear wheel off the ground using a maintenance stand or a hoist.
- 2. NC750XD Release the parking brake.
- Remove the mounting bolts and remove the parking brake caliper.

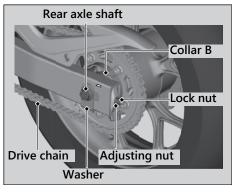


- 4. Loosen the rear axle nut, lock nuts and turn the adjusting nuts so the rear wheel can be moved all the way forward for maximum drive chain slack.
- 5. Remove the rear axle nut.



Tire Puncture ► Removing Wheels

6. Remove the drive chain from the driven sprocket by pushing the rear wheel forward.



- Remove the rear axle shaft, washers, brake caliper bracket, rear wheel and side collars.
 - Support the brake caliper assembly so that it doesn't hang from the brake hose. Do not twist the brake hose.
 - Avoid getting grease, oil, or dirt on the disc or pad surfaces.
 - ▶ Do not push the brake pedal while the wheel is removed.
 - Do not pull the parking brake lever while the wheel is removed

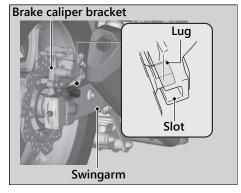
Installation

- **1.** To install the rear wheel, reverse the removal procedure.
 - Take care to prevent the brake caliper from scratching the wheel during installation.

NOTICE

When installing a wheel or caliper into original position, carefully fit the brake disc between the pads to avoid scratching them.

2. Make sure that the slot on the brake caliper bracket is positioned in the lug on the swingarm.



Tire Puncture ► Removing Wheels

- 3. Adjust the drive chain. ▶ P. 116
- 4. Install and tighten the rear axle nut.

Torque: 72 lbf·ft (98 N·m, 10.0 kgf·m)

5. Tighten the drive chain adjusting nuts lightly, then hold the adjusting nuts and tighten the lock nuts.

Torque: 15 lbf·ft (21 N·m, 2.1 kgf·m)

6. After installing the wheel, apply the brake pedal several times, then check if the wheel rotates freely. Recheck the wheel if the brake drags or if the wheel does not rotate freely.

7. NC750XD

Install the parking brake caliper and tighten the mounting bolts.

Torque: 23 lbf·ft (31 N·m, 3.2 kgf·m)

- Take care to prevent the brake caliper from scratching the wheel during installation.
- Use new mounting bolts when installing the parking brake caliper.

NOTICE

When installing a caliper into original position, carefully fit the brake disc between the pads to avoid scratching them.

If a torque wrench was not used for installation, see your dealer as soon as possible to verify proper assembly. Improper assembly may lead to loss of braking capacity.

Electrical Trouble

Battery Goes Dead

Charge the battery using a motorcycle battery charger.

Remove the battery from the motorcycle before charging.

Do not use an automobile-type battery charger, as these can overheat a motorcycle battery and cause permanent damage. If the battery does not recover after recharging, contact your dealer.

NOTICE

Jump starting using an automobile battery can damage your motorcycle's electrical system and is not recommended.

Bump starting is also not recommended.

Burned-out Light Bulb

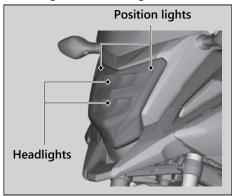
Follow the procedure below to replace a burned-out light bulb.

Turn the ignition switch to the OFF or LOCK position.

Allow the bulb to cool before replacing it. Do not use bulbs other than those specified. Check the replacement bulb for correct operation before riding.

For the light bulb wattage, see "Specifications." ▶ P. 174

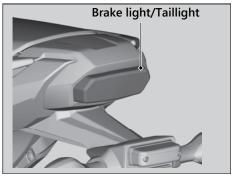
| Headlight/Position Light



The headlights and position lights uses several LEDs.

If there is a LED which is not turned on, see your dealer for servicing.

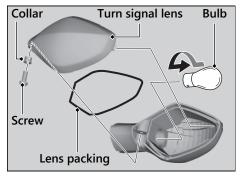
| Brake Light/Taillight



The brake light and taillight uses several LEDs. If there is a LED which is not turned on, see your dealer for servicing.

| Front/Rear Turn Signal Bulb

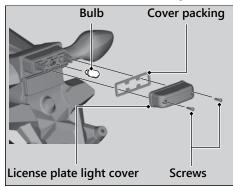
- 1. Remove the screw and collar.
- 2. Remove the turn signal lens and lens packing.
- **3.** Slightly press the bulb and turn it counterclockwise.



4. Install a new bulb and parts in the reverse order of removal

License Plate Light Bulb

- 1. Remove the screws.
- **2.** Remove the license plate light cover and license plate light cover packing.
- 3. Pull out the bulb without turning it.



4. Install a new bulb and parts in the reverse order of removal.

Blown Fuse

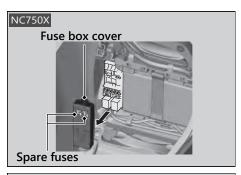
Before handling fuses, see "Inspecting and Replacing Fuses." ■ P. 85

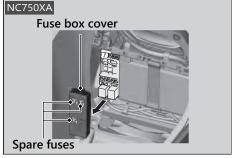
I Fuse Box Fuses

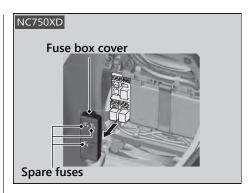
- 1. Open the luggage box.

 ▶ P. 70
- 2. Remove the maintenance lid.
 ▶ P. 99
- 3. Remove the fuse box cover.

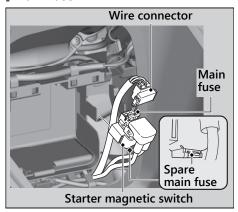
- **4.** Pull the fuses out one by one with the fuse puller in the tool kit and check for a blown fuse. Always replace a blown fuse with a spare fuse of the same rating.
 - ➤ Spare fuses are provided on back side of the fuse box cover.
- 5. Reinstall the fuse box cover.
- 6. Install the maintenance lid.
- **7.** Close the luggage box.







I Main Fuse



- 1. Open the luggage box. ▶ P. 70
- 2. Remove the maintenance lid. ≥ P. 99
- **3.** Remove the battery. **▶** P. 95

- **4.** Disconnect the wire connector of the starter magnetic switch.
- Pull the main fuse out and check for a blown fuse. Always replace a blown fuse with a spare fuse of the same rating.
 - Spare main fuse is provided in the starter magnetic switch.
- **6.** Reinstall parts in the reverse order of removal.

NOTICE

If a fuse fails repeatedly, you likely have an electrical problem. Have your motorcycle inspected by your dealer.

Information

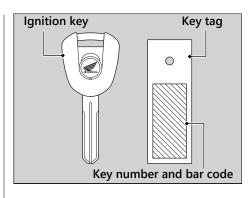
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Keys

Ignition Key

This motorcycle has two ignition keys and a key tag with a key number and a bar code. Store the spare key and the key tag in a safe location. To make a duplicate key, take the spare key and the key tag to your dealer or a locksmith. If you lose all ignition keys and the key tag, the ignition switch assembly will probably have to be removed by your dealer to determine the key number.

A metal key holder may cause damage to the area surrounding the ignition switch.



Instruments, Controls, & Other Features

Ignition Switch

Leaving the ignition switch in the ON position with the engine stopped will drain the battery.

Do not turn the key while riding.

Engine Stop Switch

Do not use the engine stop switch except in an emergency. Doing so when riding will cause the engine to suddenly turn off, making riding unsafe.

If you stop the engine using the engine stop switch, turn the ignition switch to the OFF position. Failing to do so will drain the battery.

Odometer

The display locks at 999,999 when the read-out exceeds 999,999.

Tripmeter

The tripmeters return to 0.0 when each readout exceeds 9,999.9.

Clock

The clock is displayed for 24 hours after the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position.

Tachometer

Depending on the brightness of direct sunlight or environmental conditions, it may be difficult to distinguish the color of the tachometer display.

Document Bag

The owner's manual, registration, and insurance information can be stored in the plastic document bag located in the owner's manual box. ▶ P. 72

Ignition Cut-off System

A banking (lean angle) sensor automatically stops the engine and fuel pump if the motorcycle falls over. To reset the sensor, you must turn the ignition switch to the OFF position and back to the ON position before the engine can be restarted.

Caring for Your Motorcycle

Frequent cleaning and polishing is important to ensure the life of your Honda. A clean motorcycle makes it easier to spot potential problems.

In particular, seawater and salts used to prevent ice on roads promote the formation of corrosion. Always wash your motorcycle thoroughly after riding on coastal or treated roads.

Washing

Allow the engine, muffler, brakes, and other high-temperature parts to cool before washing.

- 1. Rinse your motorcycle thoroughly using a low pressure garden hose to remove loose dirt.
- **2.** If necessary, use a sponge or a soft towel with mild cleaner to remove road grime.
 - Clean the windscreen, headlight lens, panels, and other plastic components with extra care to avoid scratching them. Avoid directing water into the air cleaner, muffler, and electrical parts.

- Thoroughly rinse your motorcycle with plenty of clean water and dry with a soft, clean cloth.
- **4.** After the motorcycle dries, lubricate any moving parts.
 - Make sure that no lubricant spills onto the brakes or tires. Brake discs, pads, drum or shoes contaminated with oil will suffer greatly reduced braking effectiveness and can lead to a crash.
- **5.** Lubricate the drive chain immediately after washing and drying the motorcycle.
- **6.** Apply a coat of wax to prevent corrosion.
 - Avoid products that contain harsh detergents or chemical solvents. These can damage the metal, paint, and plastic on your motorcycle. Keep the wax clear of the tires and brakes.
 - If your motorcycle has any matte painted parts, do not apply a coat of wax to the matte painted surface.

Caring for Your Motorcycle

Washing Precautions

Follow these guidelines when washing:

- Do not use high-pressure washers:
 - ▶ High-pressure water cleaners can damage moving parts and electrical parts, rendering them inoperable.
 - Water in the air intake can be drawn into the throttle body and/or enter the air cleaner.
- Do not direct water at the muffler:
 - ► Water in the muffler can prevent starting and causes rust in the muffler.
- Dry the brakes:
 - Water adversely affects braking effectiveness. After washing, apply the brakes intermittently at low speed to help dry them.
- Do not direct water in the luggage box:
 - Water in the luggage box can damage your documents and other belongings.
- Do not direct water at the air cleaner:
 - ► Water in the air cleaner can prevent the engine from starting.

- Do not direct water near the headlight:
 - The headlight's inside lens may fog temporarily after washing or while riding in the rain. This does not impact the headlight function. However, if you see a large amount of water or ice accumulated inside the
 - water or ice accumulated inside the lens(es), have your vehicle inspected by your dealer.
- Do not use wax or polishing compounds on matte painted surface:
 - Use a soft cloth or sponge, plenty of water, and a mild detergent to clean matte painted surfaces. Dry with a soft clean cloth.

Aluminum Components

Aluminum will corrode from contact with dirt, mud, or road salt. Clean aluminum parts regularly and follow these guidelines to avoid scratches:

- Do not use stiff brushes, steel wool, or cleaners containing abrasives.
- Avoid riding over or scraping against curbs.

Panels

Follow these guidelines to prevent scratches and blemishes:

- Wash gently using a soft sponge and plenty of water.
- To remove stubborn stains, use diluted detergent and rinse thoroughly with plenty of water.
- Avoid getting gasoline, brake fluid, or detergents on the instruments, panels, or headlight.

Windscreen

Using plenty of water, clean the windscreen with a soft cloth or sponge. (Avoid using detergents or any kind of chemical cleaner on the windscreen.) Dry with a soft, clean cloth.

NOTICE

To avoid possible scratching or other damage, use only water and a soft cloth or sponge to clean the windscreen.

For a dirtier windscreen, use a diluted neutral detergent with a sponge and plenty of water. Make sure to wash off all the detergent. (Detergent residue may cause windscreen cracks.)

Replace the windscreen if scratches cannot be removed and they obstruct clear vision.

Take care to keep battery electrolyte, brake fluid, or other chemical solvents off the windscreen and screen garnish. They will damage the plastic.

Caring for Your Motorcycle

Exhaust Pipe and Muffler

The exhaust pipe and muffler are stainless steel but may become stained by mud or dust.

To remove mud or dust, use a wet sponge and a liquid kitchen abrasive, then rinse well with clean water. Dry with chamois or a soft towel.

If necessary, remove heat stains by using a commercially available fine texture compound. Then rinse by the same manner as removing mud or dust.

When the exhaust pipe and muffler are painted, do not use a commercially available abrasive kitchen cleaning compound. Use a neutral detergent to clean the painted surface on the exhaust pipe and muffler. If you are not sure if your exhaust pipe and muffler are painted, contact your dealer.

NOTICE

Even though the exhaust is made of stainless steel, it can become stained. Remove all marks and blemishes as soon as they are noticed.

Storing Your Motorcycle

If you store your motorcycle outdoors, you should consider using a full-body motorcycle cover.

If you won't be riding for an extended period, follow these guidelines:

- Wash your motorcycle and wax all painted surfaces (except matte painted surfaces).
 Coat chrome pieces with rust-inhibiting oil.
- Lubricate the drive chain.

 P. 88
- Place your motorcycle on a maintenance stand and position a block so that both tires are off the ground.
- After rain, remove the body cover and allow the motorcycle to dry.
- Remove the battery (≥ P. 95) to prevent discharge. Fully charge the battery and then place it in a shaded, well-ventilated area.

After removing your motorcycle from storage, inspect all maintenance items required by the Maintenance Schedule.

USA For more information about storage, refer to the *Honda Winter Storage Guide*, available from your dealer.

Canada For more information about storage, visit our website at www.honda.ca and look up "Storage Tips" under the "Honda Warranty" in the Warranty tab for your Model.

Transporting Your Motorcycle

If your motorcycle needs to be transported, it should be carried on a motorcycle trailer or a flatbed truck or trailer that has a loading ramp or lifting platform, and motorcycle tie-down straps. Never try to tow your motorcycle with a wheel or wheels on the ground.

NOTICE

Towing your motorcycle can cause serious damage to the transmission.

You & the Environment

Owning and riding a motorcycle can be enjoyable, but you must do your part to protect the environment.

Choose Sensible Cleaners

Use a biodegradable detergent when you wash your motorcycle. Avoid aerosol spray cleaners that contain chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) which damage the atmosphere's protective ozone layer.

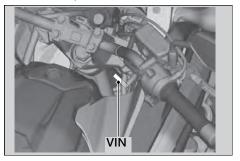
Recycle Wastes

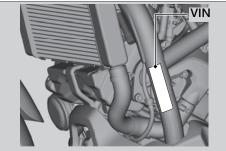
Put oil and other toxic wastes in approved containers and take them to a recycling center. Call your local or state office of public works or environmental services to find a recycling center in your area, and to get instructions on how to dispose of non-recyclable wastes. Do not place used engine oil in the trash, or pour it down a drain or on the ground. Used oil, gasoline, coolant, and cleaning solvents contain poisons that can hurt refuse workers and contaminate drinking water, lakes, rivers, and oceans.

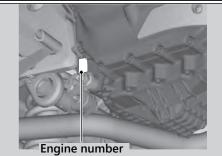
Vehicle Identification Number

The VIN and engine serial number uniquely identify your motorcycle and are required in order to register your motorcycle. They may also be required when ordering replacement parts.

You should record these numbers and keep them in a safe place.







Emission Control Systems

Your motorcycle engine emits combustion byproducts, including carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), and hydrocarbons (HC). Gasoline evaporation also emits hydrocarbons. Controlling the production of NOx, CO, and HC is important for the environment.

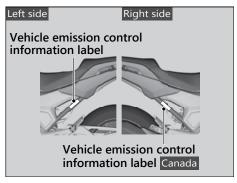
Exhaust Emission Requirements

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the California Air Resources Board (CARB), and Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC) require that your motorcycle comply with applicable exhaust, crankcase, and fuel permeation emission standards during its useful life, when operated and maintained according to the instructions provided. CARB also requires that your motorcycle comply with applicable evaporative emission requirements during its useful life, when

operated and maintained according to the instructions provided.

USA Compliance with the terms of the Distributor's Warranties for Honda Motorcycle Emission Control Systems is necessary in order to maintain a valid emissions system warranty.

The Vehicle Emission Control Information label is located left side or right side (Canada) of the rear frame.



Noise Emission Requirements

The EPA requires that motorcycles built after January 1, 1983 comply with applicable noise emission standards for one year or 3,730 miles (6,000 km) after the time of purchase when operated and maintained according to the instructions provided.

Exhaust Emission Control System

The exhaust emission control system includes the following components that should not need adjustment, although periodic inspection by your dealer is recommended.

▮ PGM-FI System

The PGM-FI (programmed fuel injection) system uses sequential multiport fuel injection, and is comprised of air intake, engine control, fuel control, and exhaust control subsystems. The engine control module (ECM) uses sensors to determine how much air enters the engine, and then controls how much fuel to inject.

Ignition Timing Control System

The ignition timing control system adjusts the ignition timing to reduce the amount of HC, CO, and NOx produced.

Catalytic Converters

The exhaust system contains one or more catalytic converters. Catalytic converters use a catalyst to convert most of the harmful exhaust gas compounds into harmless compounds.

Evaporative Emission Control System

50 STATE (meets California)

An evaporative emissions control system uses a canister filled with charcoal to adsorb fuel vapor from the fuel tank while the engine is off. The vapor is drawn into the engine and burned while riding.

Crankcase Emissions Control System

The engine is equipped with a closed crankcase system to prevent discharging crankcase emissions into the atmosphere.
Blow-by gas is returned to the combustion chamber through the air cleaner and throttle body.

Fuel Permeation Emission Control

The fuel tank, fuel hoses, and fuel vapor charge hoses use fuel permeation control technologies to prevent fuel vapor emissions. Tampering with these components to reduce or defeat the effectiveness of the fuel permeation technologies is prohibited.

Noise Emission Control System

TAMPERING WITH THE NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM IS PROHIBITED:

U. S. federal law prohibits, and Canadian provincial laws may prohibit, the following acts or the causing thereof: (1) The removal or rendering inoperative by any person, other than for purposes of maintenance, repair or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use; or (2) the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

AMONG THOSE ACTS PRESUMED TO CONSTITUTE TAMPERING ARE THE FOLLOWING ACTS:

- Removal of, or puncturing the muffler, baffles, header pipes or any other component which conducts exhaust gases.
- Removal of, or puncturing of any part of the intake system.
- Lack of proper maintenance.
- Removing or disabling any emissions compliance component, or replacing any compliance component with a noncompliant component.

Problems Affecting Motorcycle Exhaust Emissions

Have your motorcycle inspected and repaired by your dealer if you experience any of the following symptoms:

- Hard starting or stalling after starting
- Rough idling
- Misfiring or backfiring during acceleration
- Poor engine performance and poor fuel economy

Catalytic Converter

This motorcycle is equipped with a three-way catalytic converter. The catalytic converter contains precious metals that serve as catalysts in high temperature chemical reactions that convert hydrocarbons (HC), carbon monoxide (CO), and oxides of nitrogen (NOx) in the exhaust gasses into safe compounds.

A defective catalytic converter contributes to air pollution and can impair your engine's performance. A replacement unit must be an original Honda part or equivalent.

Follow these guidelines to protect your motorcycle's catalytic converter.

- Always use unleaded gasoline. Leaded gasoline will damage the catalytic converter.
- Keep the engine in good running condition.
 A poorly running engine can cause the catalytic converter to overheat causing damage to the converter or the motorcycle.
- If your engine is misfiring, backfiring, stalling, or otherwise not running properly, stop riding and turn off the engine. Have your motorcycle serviced as soon as possible.

Oxygenated Fuels

Some conventional fuels blended with alcohol or an ether compound are available in some locales to help reduce emissions to meet clean air standards. These gasolines are collectively referred to as oxygenated fuels. If you plan to use oxygenated fuel, check that it is unleaded and meets the minimum octane rating and blend requirement.

The following fuel blends are EPA-approved and have been approved for use in your motorcycle:

- Ethanol (ethyl alcohol) up to 10% by volume.
 - Gasoline containing ethanol may be marketed under the name Gasohol.
- Methanol (methyl alcohol) up to 5% by volume that contain cosolvents and corrosion inhibitors to protect the fuel system. Never use a blend containing more than 5%.

If you accidentally fill your fuel tank with an oxygenated fuel containing higher percentages, you may experience performance problems. To resolve the problem, have your dealer drain the fuel tank and replace with the correct fuel. Fuel system or performance problems resulting from the use of an oxygenated fuel containing higher percentages are not covered by your warranty.

NOTICE

Improper use of oxygenated fuels can damage metal, rubber, and plastic parts of your fuel system.

Oxygenated fuel can also damage paint. Damage caused by spilled fuel is not covered by warranty.

If you notice any undesirable operating symptoms or performance problems, try a different brand of gasoline.

Authorized Manuals

USA The Service Manual used by your authorized dealer is available from your Honda dealer or Helm, Inc.

Canada See your dealer to order authorized manuals.

Also available, but not necessary to service your model, is the Honda Common Service Manual, which explains basic service information for various systems on Honda motorcycles, scooters, and ATV.

USA The Winter Storage Guide in conjunction with the Owner's Manual and Service Manual can help you prepare your Honda motorcycle, scooter, ATV, and SxS for winter storage.

These Honda manuals are written for the professional technician. However, if you possess the proper tools, observe the safety standards, and are mechanically capable, you should find them easy to use.

Special Honda tools are necessary for some procedures.

USA

Order On-Line: www.helminc.com

Order Toll Free: 1-888-CYCLE93

(1-888-292-5393)

(NOTE: For Credit Card Orders Only) Monday - Friday 8:00 AM - 6:00 PM EST

Publication Item No.	Description
61MKA01	2018 NC750X/XA/XD Service Manual
61CSM00	Common Service Manual
S9507	USA Winter Storage Guide
31MKL600	2018 NC750X/XA/XD Owner's Manual

Warranty Coverage and Service

Coverage

Your new Honda is covered by the following warranties:

- Motorcycle Limited Warranty
- Emission Control System Warranty
- USA Noise Control Warranty

The responsibilities, restrictions, and exclusions that apply to these warranties are explained in the Warranties Booklet given to you by your Honda dealer at the time of purchase. Always keep your Honda owner's card with your Warranties Booklet.

Canada Please refer to the Warranty Booklet posted on our website at www.honda.ca.

It is important to realize that your warranty applies only to defects in material or workmanship of your Honda. Your warranty coverage does not apply to the normal wear and deterioration associated with use of the motorcycle.

Your warranty coverage is not voided if you perform your own maintenance. However, failures that occur due directly to improper maintenance are not covered by these warranties.

USA You can extend almost all of your warranty coverage through the Honda Protection Plan. For more information, see your Honda dealer.

Warranty Coverage and Service

Service

Please remember that maintenance recommended in the Maintenance Schedule is not included in your warranty coverage.

If you believe you have a problem with your motorcycle, call the service department of your Honda dealer. Make an appointment for an inspection and diagnosis. You will be asked to authorize that inspection, and your dealer will return the results of the inspection. If a problem exists and is covered under warranty, your dealer will perform the warranty repairs. If you have any questions about your warranty coverage or the nature of the repair, talk to the Service Manager of your Honda dealer.

If a misunderstanding occurs and you aren't satisfied with your dealer's handling of the situation, we suggest you discuss your problem with the appropriate member of the dealership's management team. If you are still not satisfied, contact the owner of the dealership or their designated representative.

Honda Contacts

American Honda Motor Co., Inc.

If you wish to contact Honda directly to comment on your experiences with your motorcycle or with your dealer, please send your comments to the following address:

Motorcycle Division, American Honda Motor Co., Inc., P.O. Box 2200, Torrance, CA 90509-2200 Mailstop: 100-4C-7B,

Telephone: (866) 784-1870.

Canada

Honda Canada Inc. Customer Relations Department, 180 Honda Boulevard Markham, Ontario L6C 0H9

Telephone: (888) 946-6329 Fax: (877) 939-0909

E-mail: honda cr@ch.honda.com

Please include the following information in your letter:

- Name, address, and telephone number
- Product model, year, and VIN
- Date of purchase
- Dealer name and address

We will likely ask your Honda dealer to respond, or possibly acknowledge your comments directly.

Your Honda Dealer

The service department of your Honda dealer offers trained personnel to perform regular maintenance and most repairs. It has the latest available service information from Honda and also handles warranty inspections and repairs.

The parts department offers Honda Genuine Parts, Pro Honda products, Honda Genuine Accessories (USA only), and Honda accessories and products (Canada only) that provide the same quality that went into your motorcycle.

USA The sales department offers the Honda Protection Plan to extend almost all of your warranty coverage.

Your Honda dealer can also supply information about, riding events, and information about safety training available in your local area, and the Honda Rider's Club of America (USA only).

Honda Rider's Club of America (HRCA)

The Honda Rider's Club of America (HRCA) sponsors local riding chapters at Authorized Honda Dealerships across the country.

USA Reporting Safety Defects

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying American Honda Motor Co., Inc.

If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or American Honda Motor Co., Inc.

To contact NHTSA, you may call the Vehicle Safety Hotline toll-free at: 1-888-327-4236 (TTY: 1-800-424-9153); go to http://www.safercar.gov; or write to: Administrator, NHTSA, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington, DC 20590. You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from: http://www.safercar.gov.

Specifications

■ Main Components

■ Iviain Com	ponents	•	
Overall length			87.8 in (2,230 mm)
Overall width			33.3 in (845 mm)
Overall height			53.1 in (1,350 mm)
Wheelbase			60.4 in (1,535 mm)
Minimum ground	clearance		6.5 in (165 mm)
Caster angle			27° 00′
Trail			4.3 in (110 mm)
		49 STATE	478 lb (217 kg)
	NC750X	50 STATE	
	NCISOX	(meets	481 lb (218 kg)
		California)	
Curb woight	NC750XA		485 lb (220 kg)
Curb weight		49 STATE	505 lb (229 kg)
		50 STATE	
	NC750XD		507 lb (230 kg)
		California)	
		Canada	507 lb (230 kg)
Maximum weight of	capacity *1		430 lb (195 kg)
Maximum	Luggage b	ох	11.0 lb (5.0 kg)
luggage weight	Luggage b	ox lid	4.5 lb (2.0 kg)
Passenger capacity Rider and 1		passenger	
Minimum turning radius 9.84 ft (3.00 m)		m)	
Displacement 45.4 cu-in (745 cm ³)		745 cm ³)	

^{*1:} Including rider, passenger, all luggage, and accessories

Bore x stroke		3.03 x 3.15 in (77 x 80 mm)	
Compression ratio		10.7 : 1	
Fuel		Unleaded gasoline Recommended: 86 PON or higher	
Tank capacity		3.73 US gal (14.1 L)	
Datta		YTZ14S	
Battery		12 V-11.2 Ah (10 HR)	
	NC750X/	XA	
	1st	2.812	
	2nd	1.894	
	3rd	1.454	
	4th	1.200	
	5th	1.033	
Gear ratio	6th	0.837	
Gear ratio	NC750XD	1	
	1st	2.666	
	2nd	1.904	
	3rd	1.454	
	4th	1.200	
	5th	1.033	
	6th	0.864	
Reduction ratio	NC750X/	XA 1.731 / 2.529	
(primary / final)	NC750XD	1.921 / 2.294	

■ Service Data

Tire size	Front	120/70ZR17M/C(58W)
1116 3126	Rear	160/60ZR17M/C(69W)
Tire type		Radial, tubeless
	Front	DUNLOP D609F
Recommended	FIOIIL	BRIDGESTONE BW-501 RADIAL G
Tire	Rear	DUNLOP D609
	Rear	BRIDGESTONE BW-502 RADIAL G
Tiro air proceura	Front	36 psi (250 kPa, 2.50 kgf/cm ²)
Tire air pressure	Rear	42 psi (290 kPa, 2.90 kgf/cm ²)
Minimum tread	Front	0.06 in (1.5 mm)
depth	Rear	0.08 in (2.0 mm)
Spark plug	(standard)	IFR6G-11K (NGK)
Spark plug gap	(non- adjustable	0.039 - 0.043 in (1.00 - 1.10 mm)
Idle speed	(non- adjustable	1,200 ± 100 rpm
Recommended engine oil	except oils resource of service lab standard M (USA & Ca	e Classification SG or higher is labeled as energy conserving or onserving on the circular API lel, SAE 10W-30, JASO T 903 MA, Pro Honda GN4 4-stroke oil anada) or Honda 4-stroke oil, or ent motorcycle oil

	NC750X/XA	
	After draining	3.3 US qt (3.1 L)
	After draining & engine oil filter change	3.6 US qt (3.4 L)
	After disassembly	3.9 US qt (3.7 L)
Engine oil	NC750XD	
capacity	After draining	3.4 US qt (3.2 L)
сараспу	After draining & engine oil filter change	3.6 US qt (3.4 L)
	After draining, engine & clutch oil filter change	3.6 US qt (3.4 L)
	After disassembly	4.3 US qt (4.1 L)
Recommended brake fluid	Honda DOT 4 Brake Flu	id
Cooling system capacity	1.79 US qt (1.69 L)	
Recommended coolant	Pro Honda HP Coolant	
Recommended drive chain lubricant	Pro Honda HP Chain Lube or equivalent	
Drive chain slack	1 3/16 - 1 9/16 in (30 - 40 mm)	

Specifications

-	DID 520V0 or RK 520KHO		
Chandand dates	NC750X/XA		
Standard drive chain	No. of links	114	
Citalii	NC750XD		
	No. of links	112	
	Drive sprocket	17T	
Standard	NC750X/XA		
sprocket size	Driven sprocket	43T	
Sprocker 3120	NC750XD		
	Driven sprocket	39T	

■ Bulbs

Headlight	LED
Brake light/Taillight	LED
Front turn signal light	12 V-21/5 W x 2
Rear turn signal light	12 V-21 W x 2
Position light	LED
License plate light	12 V-5 W

■ Fuses

Main fuse		30 A
Other fuse	NC750X	15 A, 7.5 A
	NC750XA/XD	30 A, 15 A, 7.5 A

■ Torque Specifications

Torque specification	113
Maintenance lid screw	2.2 lbf·ft (3 N·m, 0.3 kgf·m)
Oil filter	19 lbf·ft (26 N·m, 2.7 kgf·m)
Engine oil drain bolt	22 lbf·ft (30 N·m, 3.1 kgf·m)
Rear wheel axle nut	72 lbf·ft (98 N·m, 10.0 kgf·m)
Drive chain adjusting lock nut	15 lbf·ft (21 N·m, 2.1 kgf·m)
Front wheel axle shaft	55 lbf·ft (74 N·m, 7.5 kgf·m)
Front wheel brake caliper mounting bolt	22 lbf·ft (30 N·m, 3.1 kgf·m)
Front wheel axle pinch bolt	16 lbf·ft (22 N·m, 2.2 kgf·m)
NC750XD	
Parking brake caliper mounting bolt	23 lbf·ft (31 N·m, 3.2 kgf·m)

Information Record

VIN	
Engine No.	
Color Label & Code	
Owner's Name	
Address	
City/State	
Phone	
Dealer's Name	
Address	
City/State	
Phone	
Service Manager	

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AWARNING

Operating, servicing and maintaining a passenger vehicle or offroad vehicle can expose you to chemicals including engine exhaust, carbon monoxide, phthalates, and lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. To minimize exposure, avoid breathing exhaust, do not idle the engine except as necessary, service your vehicle in a well-ventilated area and wear gloves or wash your hands frequently when servicing your vehicle. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/passenger-vehicle.